Advertise in the "Times"

THE DELIA TIMES

Classified Ads bring results

An Independent Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Delia and the Surrounding District

Vol. X., No. 18 DELIA, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1928 Subscription $1.50 a Year

New Goods

We have just received a fine assortment of Men's Trousers, tailored in very fine workmanship.

Also a nice line of full fashioned Ladies' pure Silk Hose.

And again, a new pattern in "D" quality 12-foot Linoleum. This is almost double as heavy as the regular line carried by most stores, and it is a beauty.

Also a new assortment of Men's "Miracle" Ties & Men's Silk Summer Underwear Combinations

We are continuing to offer you a dollar for your old hat or cap, on a new Biltmore Spring Hat.

In GROCERIES we have

More Picnic Hams at.....$1.00	Our best Bulk Coffee, at per lb.....55c
Lard at 5 lbs. for.....$1.00	Canned Pineapple, at 6 for.....$1.00
Fancy Biscuits, at 3 lbs. for.....$1.00	Battle Creek Minute Brew, at.....55c
Braid's best Tea, at per lb.....90c	Chateau Cheese, at per lb.....50c

And we will have for Saturday

Berries, Lettuce, Tomatoes, Celery, Etc.

Delia Farmers' Co-operative Association, Ltd.

Phone 39 for Food

BUILD UP YOUR SAVINGS

INVEST IN 4% ALBERTA DEMAND SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Purchased and redeemed at par Payable on Demand

For Particulars write or apply to:

HON. R. G. REID, Provincial Treasurer — W. V. NEWSON, Deputy Prov. Treasurer

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, EDMONTON, ALBERTA

Quality -- Service

We have a complete stock Rough Oak, Finished Hickory Parts, Eveners, Reaches, etc.

Large Willow and Split Cedar Posts, Tamarac and Jack Pine Poles.

At the lowest price possible you will save money buying yours at our yard.

A full line of all kinds Building Material always in Stock

We have the largest and most complete line of **Plan Books** to choose from ever shown in Delia.

We will be pleased to have you call and look them over. **Estimates cheerfully given.**

YOURS FOR SERVICE

Crown Lumber Co., Ltd.

DELIA, ALTA.

Used Tractors

FOR SALE

2 15-27 Case Tractors.

1 1927 Fordson, used very little.

1 Fordson, with complete new motor assembly.

1 17-30 Minneapolis, used very little.

The above Tractors are in good working condition, and are offered at a snap for quick sale.

—ALSO—

1 24-Marker Double Disc Van Brunt Seed Drill.

1 20-Marker D.D. Lacrosse Seed Drill.

1 Massey-Harris 3-bottom Disc Plow.

2 McCormick-Deering 3-bottom Disc Plows.

Phone 28 **WM. GIBSON** DELIA Alta.

Winning Team Girls' Club Give Demonstration

The winning team Seabeam Girls' Club gave a demonstration on Friday evening last in the Empire Theatre of the "Agriculture in Sunny Alberta" competition recently held in the Hudson's Bay Store, Calgary, to a fair-sized audience. The proceedings opened with songs by the girls, accompanied by Miss Evelyn Bigelow at the piano, after which

Miss Kathleen Meyer, the president of the club, in a clever little speech, introduced the members of the winning team — Misses Mary Morrison (leader), Brenda Rowe, and Evelyn Bigelow.

Miss Mary Morrison gave a recapitulation of the stirring manner she addressed her audience in Calgary, mentioning diversified farming, and demonstrating the various activities. She spoke at some length from a viewpoint of Alberta's prospective settler, as well as stressing wheat growing.

Miss Brenda Rowe admirably demonstrated canning and baking, particularly mentioning the excellence of products of Robin Hood province of Alberta, notably F. Burns & Co., Calgary, and the flour produced by the Oppertune Flour Mills, Delia.

Miss Evelyn Bigelow spoke of wool in the raw state, made up in a variety of articles, including miniature quilts, dolls' clothing, etc.

At the close of the demonstration songs and duets were rendered by the girls; also a pianoforte solo by Evelyn Bigelow. Brenda Rowe then thanked all those who in any way assisted the girls, financially or otherwise, thereby contributing to their success.

The proceedings closed by the president, Kathleen Meyer, requesting the audience to rise and sing, "God Save the King."

High Prices Realized At Calgary Bull Sale

The improved sentiment existing among livestock breeders throughout western Canada is reflected in the high prices secured for the animals offered for sale at the bull sale in connection with the Calgary Spring Show during the past week. A total of 393 bulls were disposed of for the sum of $116,720, an average of $297 each, as compared with 538 bulls which sold for $62,775 or an average of $112.50 at the 1927 sale. Herefords numbering 160 averaged $347.70, while 191 Shorthorns brought an average of $260.03; 30 Aberdeen Angus sires averaged $275.25; 2 Red Polled bulls averaged $175 and 1 Holstein sold for $215. The highest priced animal in the sale, a Hereford bull Prince Domino 10th, which was offered by Wm. and Edgar Frost of Nanton, sold for $1,125 to Frank Collicut of Crossfield.

Health Service of the Canadian Medical Association

START THE DAY RIGHT

Digestive disturbances, the so-called attacks of indigestion, upset stomach or biliousness, comes second in the list of causes of sickness. They are not to be longer borne, but prevented, and they would not occur as frequently if more attention were given to the proper use of food.

Meals should be regular, but not with a regularity that makes for monotony. The changed dinner hour on Sunday or on a holiday often gives extra zest to the meal. Generally speaking, meals should be taken at regular hours.

Any meal taken with one eye on the clock is almost better left uneaten. Food should be properly masticated, and one should be in a quite, restful attitude of mind. To secure these aids to proper digestion, it is well worth the effort to rise a few minutes earlier each morning, and start the day right with a properly eaten breakfast.

Included in every breakfast menu should be fruit—fresh, such as oranges, or dried fruits stewed, like prunes; milk, either on a cereal or in cocoa or by itself; also a cereal. Whether or not one requires eggs or bacon depends upon the type of work done, and also upon whether or not the noon meal is a light one. In every case, the food should be properly masticated, and not gobbled or washed down with a drink.

Children who are sent to school without a proper breakfast are not receiving a fair chance. We not only feel better, but we are really more capable of physical and mental work if we start the day with a good wash and a comfortably eaten, suitable breakfast.

Questions concerning Health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered by letter. Questions as to diagnosis and treatment will not be answered.

Cards of Thanks

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Louns wish to thank the Delia Women's Institute for the beautiful flowers sent their daughter while a patient in the Craigmyle Hospital; also Mrs. G. W. Harcus and Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Davis, and the Craigmyle district.

I wish to thank the Delia Women's Institute for the beautiful flowers sent me in recognition of my services as Convenor of the Cemetery Committee.

MRS. GEO. W. HARCUS.

Forest fires are burning Canada's national forest heritage.

Delia Fish and Game Assoc.

An enthusiastic meeting was held on Friday, 20th ult., when it was decided to form a local branch of the Alberta Fish and Game Association. Messrs W. J. Jarns and W. N. Greathurn were appointed president and secretary-treasurer respectively.

The meeting voted that a membership drive be put on, and that as many new members as possible be brought into the Association, and that a fee of $1.00 be charged to each member. It was felt that with a reasonable fee practically everyone in the district would take advantage of becoming a member.

The secretary-treasurer read some correspondence from the Department of Marine and Fisheries to the effect that they were having both Farrell and Hazel Hills Lakes inspected for the purpose of ascertaining what fish could be placed in the lakes, and to make arrangements to stock the lakes with suitable fish. This would be a great boon to the anglers in the district.

A membership committee consisting of the President, Mr. Berge; Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. Greathurn, and the following:—Messrs. W. L. Carter, F. L. McFadden, A. L. Gordon, Henry Moore, D. H. Campbell, F. Anderson and H. M. Bigelow, was appointed and all people interested are requested to get in touch with one of the above parties and give what support they can.

Craigmyle News

At a meeting held in the United Church on Tuesday evening last a local Parent Teachers' Association was formed. Mr. G. K. Haverstock, of Hanna, School Inspector for this district, was present and outlined the desirability of having such an association functioning as a means towards bringing about the most efficient co-operation between parents and teachers, with the resulting benefits to the scholars.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Gibson and family are now residing on First Avenue East, in Mrs. Tillotson's house.

Wm. J. Smith, who resides on the north side of the government road east of town, had the misfortune last Friday afternoon to be kicked by a horse on the right leg, which inflicted a deep gash. He was brought to the hospital, where he was attended by Dr. Crawford, who put in a dozen stitches to close the wound. We trust that Mr. Smith will make a quick recovery.

Last Sunday morning Miss Anna Norris and Lee Bell left for Calgary, en route to Miss Norris's home at Loydminster, B.C., where their wedding takes place this week.

Mrs. Buckle and children, of Hanna, are now occupying Mrs. Bell's house on 2nd Avenue West, Mrs. Buckle having accepted a position in F. F. Paterson's store.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Lane and family arrived from Calgary at the beginning of last week, and are occupying G. E. Lister's house at the corner of Main Street and 2nd Avenue East.

We are pleased to state that Clem Sieverding is able to be around again, and feeling better, after an attack of "flu", which laid him up last week.

Work on the carrying of the electric light and power line east from Innes' corner, on the government road to Hanna, was commenced at the beginning of this week. The crew had the unpleasant experience of having their tent blown down on Monday night during the fierce gale which prevailed.

We are pleased to state that Thomas McKee is now about again after his illness, and we trust he will soon be completely recovered.

Caterpillar Tractors

Two ton, 15 draw-bar horse power, three speeds forward, 2.12—3—5.25; reverse, 2.33 miles per hour.

Price, in three payments, **$1,880**, F.O.B., Delia

Other sizes, by draw-bar rating: 20—30—60. Three speeds forward, one reverse.

The tracks on these tractors have dust-proof bearings—no oiling required.

Mud holes make no difference if you use a Caterpillar.

R. C. COAD, Agent, Delia - Phone: Res., 48

Hudson-Essex!

Hudson-Essex established a new two-fold record of popularity the first three months of this year in the United States as a whole, second in the export field, it is disclosed in a Company message to Mr. W. Saunders, Hudson-Essex dealer for this vicinity.

Meantime, this popularity was confirmed locally when 1928 new "coupes of tomorrow" Hudson and Essex cars were purchased by residents of this district and delivered to their owners—making the largest March Hudson-Essex array enjoyed in this locality, it was declared.

Indicating the world-wide interest in the "coupe of tomorrow" series of Hudson-Essex cars, the factory export shipments for these three months were 14,654, as compared with 9,136 for the same period last year, an increase of more than 50%.

Meantime, the Hudson-Essex factory produced and shipped 91,500 cars to its waiting dealers in these months—a record—and the company has sold 40 per cent more cars to the public at retail than in any other three months' period in its history, the company also states. These sales are gratifying indeed and will probably be nearer a 45 per cent. increase when the final figures are known, it was said.

"With this background," said Mr. Saunders, "I feel entirely safe in saying that this month of May will see more Hudson-Essex cars purchased than any previous month we ever have known. The public appreciation of the cars has demonstrated itself in every quarter of the globe. Fortunately the factory organization saw this great demand coming, and is making it possible for all dealers to deliver promptly every model of the celebrated Hudson-Essex line.

"We lead a colossal pride that so well informed a district of motor car buyers as our own is making Hudson-Essex its outstanding six cylinder favorite. It takes up to the minute style and the soundest engineering to win approval in so decisive a fashion.

"We never have been so busy as at the present, and never before have our buyers been so well satisfied.

Service Garage

CRAIGMYLE

For Your Garden

We are carrying a stock of "Steele Briggs Famous Seeds."

In **Garden Tools** we have Hoes, Rakes, Cultivators, Wire Fencing, Trowels, Forks, and Spades

We are selling an excellent Rake at.....85c

Lately we have been greatly pleased with our sales in

Congoleum Rugs

We carry a stock of the latest patterns, in a good range of sizes. Come in and see them.

Vacuum Cleaner

With all attachments, FOR RENT

For cleaning the upholstering in your closet . . . a real job

F. ANDERSON

Hardware Merchant Phone 6

USED CAR CHEVROLET Quality

the Result of

New Car Popularity

AN unusually good selling season in the new car market always reacts to the benefit of the Used Car buyer. That holds true of the present situation. . . . On account of the exceptional sales volume of the new Chevrolet, we find ourselves with an extra number of really good used cars on our floor. To reduce our stock without sacrificing anything of the reputation won by our new car dealings, we have put all these cars into sound condition and are offering them at prices that compel public interest. Now is the most advantageous time to buy a good Used Car from a reputable Chevrolet dealer. Let us show you some extra attractive values.

One 1926 Coach, driven only 3,400 miles. A snap at

$675.00

A. C. PULLAR, Delia, Alta.

GOOD USED CARS

The Management of the QUEEN'S HOTEL wish to announce that they have recently installed a beautiful maple floor in the dining room, and a Dance will be held every Saturday night, from nine to twelve, commencing May 5th. Music supplied by the latest five piece Brunswick Panatrope, reproducing the best dance orchestras on the continent. Come and hear this wonderful machine and dance on the best floor in the district. Refreshments served. Advt.

FARMS

We want listings of farms, improved and unimproved. We are having a great many enquiries for farms in the Delia district. Let us have your listings at once.

Money to Loan

We have plenty of Money to Loan on improved Farms.

Insurance

Let us look after your insurance. In case of loss we get you a quick and satisfactory adjustment

Geo. E. Kennedy

DELIA, - Alberta.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Red Rose Orange Pekoe is supreme

In clean, bright Aluminum.

Empire Builders

Empire Shopping Week, which was observed throughout Canada last month, appears to have made an especially strong appeal to the people of Western Canada. This may be surprising to many people in the Eastern provinces who are still laboring under the delusion that British and Empire sentiment is not overly strong in the West, and that it has been weakened by the influx of settlers from other than British origin. But it is not surprising to the average Westerner; on the contrary, to him it is but the natural outcome of the thought and outlook of the West.

It is not in the East, but in the West, that the strongest approval is given to the British Preference feature in the Canadian tariff, and it is in the West, rather than the East, that public opinion favors further, albeit gradual, extensions of that Preference with a view to a lowering of duties and still greater encouragement of British trade in this Dominion. In fact, there is a very strong sentiment in the West which would welcome the development of Preference to the point where all customs duties on British-made and British-produced goods were wiped out entirely.

Empire Shopping Week had for its object the focussing of people's attention upon certain economic factors in the development of Canada as a component part of the British Commonwealth of Nations and of the Empire as a whole. Undoubtedly, sentiment provides a mighty urge to all Canadians to give a voluntary preference to Empire goods when making purchases, but, as was the case with prohibition of the liquor traffic, sentiment is not in itself sufficient. It is the economic factor which, in these modern days, provides the most powerful argument. And Western Canada is profoundly interested in the economic factor.

World trade today is, as it has always been and always will be, a system of barter,—the exchange by one country of those products and articles of which it produces a surplus to another country which requires these things, and the receipt therefor of those goods of which the latter country produces a surplus but which the first mentioned country requires to import. Money is merely a convenient means of effecting such exchange. In other words, between nations operates on exactly the same principles as trade between individuals.

Western Canada, and Canada as a whole, has a surplus of products to sell. If those countries which require the things Canada has to sell are to be in a position to buy and pay for them, we must, in turn, buy from those countries the things they have to sell and which we cannot or do not produce ourselves and must import.

Last year Canada sold to the rest of the British Empire $200,000,000 more products than we purchased from them. On the other hand, Canada bought over $200,000,000 more from the United States than we sold across the line. Canada was enabled to pay the United States for the excess of goods imported because of excess of sales to other parts of the Empire. While Canada did not lose by this procedure, the Empire did not gain; in fact, it sustained loss.

Now as our major exports must cross the seas to Great Britain, Ireland, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, it will be to Canada's advantage in a purely business way, to buy as largely as possible in those countries and thus provide return cargoes for the ships which carry Canada's products into the markets of the foreign countries. The larger these return cargoes, the more profitably can the vessels be operated, the greater the number of ships that will be put on these ocean lanes of transportation, the lesser the competition for the business, and, as an inevitable economic result, the lower the freight charges levied on both out-going and in-coming shipments.

The more Canada buys from its sister nations in the British Commonwealth, the more they can buy from us. The one re-acts on the other, and trade both ways can thus be built up and profits for both countries increased. It has long been declared that "trade follows the flag," but it is also true that the flag has followed trade, and to the traders of the past we largely owe the Empire of today.

It is equally true that the development of inter-Empire trade has a direct and pronounced effect on immigration, and, inasmuch as Canada is particularly anxious to secure a larger proportion of British settlers, the more we trade with Britain, the more will Canada, and Canadian products and Canadian resources and possibilities become known among the British people.

The aim of Empire Shopping Week is indubitably true—"Empire Buyers are Empire Builders." Let Canada build by buying.

World's Stock Of Gold

Reserve Board Reports $9,475,000,000 At End Of Last Year

The total stock of monetary gold held by Canada, central banks and similar institutions throughout the world, either in their own vaults or under earmark with correspondents, at the end of 1927, the latest date for which comprehensive figures are available, appears to have been not less than $9,475,000,000, and to have shown an increase for the year of at least $300,000,000, according to the Federal Reserve Board's bulletin for March, just made public.

Forest Effect On Temperatures

Forests have an equalizing effect on extremes of temperature. Records for Canada show that in forested districts extreme temperatures are lower and minimum temperatures higher than in adjoining deforested tracts.

The only economic use for one-third of the land area of the Dominion is in the growing of wood.

"Dry Ice" New Idea

Substitute Has Been Used Successfully In States

By the use of "dry ice," or solidified carbon dioxide, the quality of ice cream will be cut considerably within the next few years, says Fred Rahn, secretary of the International Ice Cream Manufacturers' Association, during the annual convention of the body.

Only fifty pounds of the "dry ice" will supply the needs of an ice cream delivery truck for nearly a day, he declared, and use of the substitute will spread rapidly when it is made in quantity. It is now being used in transporting ice cream by truck from Philadelphia to Atlantic City.

A Square Deal

Farmer: "What will you give me for the horse."

Scotchman: "A load of hay."

Farmer: "But what shall I do with a load of hay with no horse to eat it?"

Scotchman: "Well, I'd lend you the horse till the hay is gone."

Indigestion

What most people call indigestion is usually excess acid in the stomach. The food has soured. The instant remedy is an alkali which neutralizes acids. But don't use crude helps. Use what your doctor would advise.

The best help is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. For the 50 years since its invention it has remained standard with physicians. You will find nothing else so quick in its effect, so harmless, so efficient.

Uncanny Inventions
Exhibited In London

One Machine Types, Adds, and Multiplies At Same Time

Uncanny efficient inventions were to be seen at the Business Efficiency Exhibition at Holland Park Hall, London, Eng., recently. The devices shown included: An electric machine that opens envelopes at the rate of 30,000 an hour. A machine that types, adds, and multiplies at the same time. A machine that seals, franks, counts, postmarks and prints a slogan on envelopes at the rate of 200 per minute. Portable typewriters in colira to match the home or personal colour scheme. A book that records on a tape the time the door is opened, by whom, and whether from the outside or inside of the room.

NEGLECTED ANAEMIA

Often Leads To the Most Serious Consequences

In no disorder is delay or neglect more dangerous than in anaemia. Usually the first noticeable signs are pale lips and cheeks, dark rims under the eyes and a feeling of weariness. Then follow headaches, dizziness, palpitation and breathlessness. The only way that anaemia can be overcome is to enrich the blood, and it is because of their wonderful blood-enriching and blood-making properties that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved so successful in the treatment of this often most stubborn disease.

Thousands of young girls who were in an anaemic condition owe their present good health to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. One of these, Miss Katie Gauthier, of Port Arthur, Ont., says:—"I praise the day I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had not been feeling well for some time. was very pale, had severe headaches and suffered from occasional fainting spells. The least exertion would leave me fatigued. Fortunately for me this condition I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I continued their use until I had taken six boxes, by which time I was again enjoying good health. By experience I will lead other sufferers to give this medicine a fair trial."

If you are at all run-down, or weak, you should at once begin to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and you will soon be well and strong. These pills are sold by all medicine dealers or will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Conquerors Of Atlantic

Records Show 120 Persons Have Made Ocean Flights

A statement that 120 persons have now made the perilous air crossing of the Atlantic provoked a warm discussion in aeronautical circles here until a careful survey proved the count to be correct.

Of the thirteen descended at Greenly Island the number of courageous adventurers who had successfully made the conquest of the ocean had reached that total. The recapitulation runs something like this:

Alcock and Brown, in 1919; the British dirigible R-34 with a crew of 31 to the United States and back; the German ZR-4, now the Los Angeles, flown across by Eckenlitzdrichshafen to Lakewood in 1922; then Lindbergh, Chamberlin and Levine and Byrd; Nobile, Amundsen, Ellsworth and Brock and Schlee; six South Atlantic fliers; the crew of the NC-4, which landed in Lisbon, and the American 'round-the-world fliers.

Miller's Worm Powders do not need the attention of nurse or doctor or any purgative to complete their thorough-ness, because they are thorough in themselves. One dose of them, and you have the round palatable by all children, will end the worm trouble by making the stomach and bowels distasteful to the parasites. And not only this, but the powders will be certain to leave no harmful influences in the digestive organs.

Monarchy Nationalized

People Look On Royal Family As One Of Possessions

The profound difference between the relationship of the people to the Monarchy during the "Victorian Age" and what it is now is that Queen Victoria held, in principle and in practice, to the ancient idea that the people were but people, the court try her country, that she possessed them and ruled over them in virtue of a scarcely mitigated conception of Divine Right, whereas now the people look upon the King, the Queen and the Royal Family as their possessions and are fonder of them and prouder of them than of any other national institution. The sense of ownership has caused to be autocratic or nearly autocratic and has become democratic. Unlike the railways and the coal mines, the Monarchy has been nationalized.—Review of Reviews.

Carried Millions In Gold

Boxes laden with gold bars worth $2,000,000 were distributed under the seats of an air liner which flew from Croydon to Brussels recently. The passengers, unaware of the contents, used them as footstools—but the pilot, who knew what was in the boxes, was armed with a loaded revolver.

Homes Of Many Windows

There are houses in England the windows of which have never been counted. These include Windsor Castle and Wentworth Woodhouse, the Yorkshire home of Earl Fitzwilliam. A former Duke of Marlborough sold that putty for repairing the windows of Blenheim Palace cost him £300 a year.

Minard's Liniment for Toothache.

AFTER ALL There's Nothing To Equal Zam-Buk FOR THE SKIN!

A Region Of Wondrous Beauty

Flies Is Made For Establishment Of Government Park In Bella Coola Valley, B.C.

If you like to get out in the wild country and hunt wild animals, such as grizzlies, with the camera, by all means go to the Bella Coola Valley, B.C. I have spent the last four summers there, and I am advocating the establishment of a Dominion Park to be known as MacKenzie Park, in honor of the first white man who crossed Canada, and who reached the sea at that point—this to be connected up by means of a highway to be known as Mackenzie Highway, paralelling part of the old route, so that people can go from New York to California and to Bella Coola over the Mackenzie Highway, visiting Mackenzie Park and returning by way of the Rocky Mountains Park. Such a route would bring people into British Columbia and Canada. If the Dominion will not carry out this plan I hope to get some wealthy men interested, as the region is one of wonderful beauty. Within a distance of 70 miles, it is easily traversed in motor cars, and motor boats and in can visit both the so-called rainy coast and the desert interior. One can go from sea level to 12,000 feet, can see glaciers, hot salt springs, cold swift and still waters, paddling, poling, motor boating, sailing, etc. There is no danger, by experience, of one will bad other sufferers to give this medicine a fair trial."

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Minard's Liniment for Toothache.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

Use tasteless spoonful in water neutralizes many times its volume in acid. The results are immediate, with no bad after-effects. Once you learn this fact, you will never deal with excess acid in the crude ways. Go learn—now—why this method is supreme.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any druggist.

I decided to try them and found out for myself what they are recommended to be, and I feel that I owe my life to them."

Price 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

W. N. U. 1721

AN INTERESTING EDITION

London Daily Mail Pictures Events In Year 2,000

A newspaper as newspaper men thought it would be on January 1, 2000, has been published in London by the Daily Mail.

"Air fire squad section 28 flies to a fire in Regent street and quickly quenches a blaze with its "Anti-Fire" extinguishers.

"The big murder of the day is that of a man killed by mental suggestion from his enemy.

"So greatly, in fact, has the mental power of the race increased that school children play games during the day and through a silent battery of 'memory impressors' do their studying in their sleep.

"Television is a routine part of the day's affairs. A crowd gathers in Trafalgar Square to watch a cricket match between the English and Australian teams playing each other at Sydney, on the other side of the world.

"Captain Ralph Girdlestone's 24-hour flight around the world is featured particularly because a noonday tea was taken on the third day of the flight. People have to wear 'crash-proof lingerie' because flying is a part of their ordinary daily life.

"The only thing that seems unchanged is the civil war in China, which is still in the news."

The newspaper—a full-sized one of 24 pages—was published with a Daily Mail exhibition of "Homes of the Future," at the Great Olympia.

Geography By Air

Pieces Not Generally Known Being Learned By Novel Means

The extraordinary faculty of the airplane for pushing back our horizons is nowhere more illustrated than in this latest epoch-making flight, the first to span the Atlantic from east to west. The universal good will the three brave airmen, Von Huenefeld, Fitzmaurice and Koehl, felt short of reaching land on the other side of the ocean is greatly tempered for the rest of us by the new world which their forced landing has opened up to the imagination. Until their miraculous advent out of an Arctic fog Greenly Island had been a speck on a map, and not even that on most maps, where the conditions of human life in the region, its primitive isolation and its severe warfare with the elements were known only to its handful of inhabitants and a few explorers. Now, over night, its story has become the commonplace gossip of the tea-table or wherever civilized man foregathers to discuss the news of the day. Modern geography is enhanced for us as vicariously we drop in out of the clouds on its ice-bound coasts, its fogs, its rocks, its blasts and gaze shivering on the grinding floes of Belle Isle Strait.

Deliveries Of Wheat

Still a Considerable Quantity Of Wheat Yet To Be Marketed

Total farmers' deliveries of wheat, August 1 to February 24, as reported by the Dominion Statistician, are 393,284 bushels. Totals compiled from railway returns were approximately $48,000,000. If the Dominion Bureau crop estimate was correct, then making the usual allowance or 45,000,000 bushels for seed, feed and home consumption, only from 18,000,000 to 21,000,000 bushels remained in farmers' hands to market after February 24. From that date, up to March 31, deliveries have been 10,000,000 bushels, leaving only from 6,000,000 to 11,000,000 bushels for the next 18 weeks. There is certainly room for doubt in farmers' hands. On the average for the past five years, 59.7 per cent. of the year's deliveries were made by the end of February.

Big Future For Canada

Population Of Two Hundred Million Is Foreseen By Dean Brock

Tapping for the future of Canada, Dean R. W. Brock, of the faculty of applied science, University of British Columbia, before the Canadian Club, foresees a population by that generation of 200,000,000 and a stupendous growth in industry and trade never before seen in the history of the world. Dean Brock based his assumption on analysis of existing conditions in Europe, in relation to temperature, rainfall, coal resources and elevation. From these ratios could be established the potential population that Canada's could be estimated conservatively as above. This took no heed of the vast northern empire. A population of 30,000,000 was forecast by the Dean for southern British Columbia within a generation or two.

Winnipeg Population

The official figure of the population of Winnipeg proper for 1928, as given by the Assessment Department, is 202,377. Not since 1919 has the 200,000 mark been reached. This year's figure is exceeded only by the population totals for 1914 and 1915, when the figures were 203,256 and 212,889 respectively.

When a man weds an heiress her face is his fortune.

A politician never forgets his place —if he is appointed to a good one.

Minard's Liniment for falling hair.

It isn't always the strongest person who has the best hold on life.

FIRST CONTRACTS AWARDED

Canada's Air Mail Service Will Eventually Cover Dominion

The nucleus of a transcontinental aerial mail service is being established by Canada with the awarding of contracts for four important mail services. Eventually letters will cross the country from Halifax to Vancouver in 36 hours by aeroplane, instead of in five days by railway as at present.

The contracts now entered into provide for a service between Father Point and Montreal and Ottawa, another service of four trips per week between Montreal and Toronto, and all year-round service between Montreal and Albany, N.Y., to connect with the United States Transcontinental Air Service. The total cost will be $261,000.

The Father Point to Montreal service and the Montreal to Ottawa service will be provided by the Canadian Transcontinental Airways, Limited, of Quebec, the Father Point to Montreal section costing $48,500, or $1.25 per flying mile. The Montreal to Ottawa service is to cost $8,250 for the season. For the Montreal-Toronto service the cost will be $40,000, or $1.25 per flying mile, and the Montreal to Albany service will cost $95,-000.

According to J. A. Wilson, Director of Civil Aviation in Canada, 60 per cent. of the Royal Air Force pilots during the war were Canadians. Since the war Canada has been devoting her activities to such operations as forest protection, surveying, mapping, and the assisting of engineering and geological survey work in the northern region. It would take some time to build up a large commercial air mail service, owing to the sparse population of the Dominion. But the contracts now awarded will go a grand more rapid service than could be given by the present method.

An Oil That Is Prized Everywhere. —Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil was put upon the market without any flourish over fifty years ago. It was put up to meet the wants of a small section, but as soon as its qualities became known it had a whole continent for its field, and it is now known and prized throughout this continent. There is nothing equal to it.

Tractors For Western Prairies

Over Fifty Thousand Tractors Now In Use On Prairie Farms

An increase of 54 per cent. in the sales of farm tractors in 1927 over 1926 is revealed in statistics of the farm implement trade. The sales of tractors in 1927 in the Prairie Provinces—Manitoba, 2,944; Saskatchewan, 5,727; and Alberta, 2,855. The total number of tractors now in use on farms in these provinces is 50,136. Along with the sales of tractors there is a corresponding market for larger implements than are handled by horses. An important market in the tractor market has been the successful introdiction of the combine harvester on the Canadian Prairies.

School Lessons By Mail

The Departments of Education of the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia conduct Correspondence Lessons in the usual studies of the public school. Children unable to attend school by reason of distance or physical disability are enrolled. Hundreds of pupils are being successfully taught. No charge is made, and the usual free text books are provided. Adults, in some cases, are also enrolled for high school work, however, is given.

Population Of Canada

According to an estimate of the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics, the population of Canada on 1st June 1, 1927, was 9,549,000.

The British museum library has announced that there are nearly 6,000,000 books on its 56 miles of shelf.

Nobody so despised a pedestrian as a former pedestrian who has bought himself a car.

If the fuelless motor is a go, we may live to see the radio church collection.

DON'T suffer headaches, or any of those pains a tablet of Aspirin can end in a hurry! Physicians prescribe it, and approve its free use, for it does not affect the heart. Every druggist has it, but don't fail to ask the druggist for *Bayer*. And don't take any but the tablets that are stamped with the "Bayer Cross."

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public the Tablets will be stamped with their "Bayer Cross" trade mark.

Americans Have Faith In British Surgeons

Millionaire Found Way To Get Famous Doctor's Services

Americans have great faith in British surgeons. A few months ago an American millionaire wanted one of the most famous surgeons to go to New York to treat his small child, and offered a very large fee.

The surgeon, however, was not prepared to make the journey. He was surprised when shortly afterwards an American doctor arrived with a complete cinema film of the child's movements during a period of 24 hours.

To exhibit the film it was necessary to take the local cinema hall at a high fee. The British surgeon carefully examined the film and drew a report, which the American doctor took back to America.

Later, he arrived again with another film showing the result of the operation in detail, a big cheque, and a letter of thanks from the relieved father.

Teach Farming To Boys and Girls

Agricultural Schools Of Alberta Centres For the Distribution Of Knowledge

In addition to the teaching of elementary agriculture in the public schools of Alberta, the Provincial Government maintains four agricultural schools. These schools are designed chiefly to give instruction without cost to the boys and girls of the farms over 16 years of age. The courses offered is of two years duration. There is no entrance examination requirements, and no charge is made for the course, save for board, and lodging. Since these schools were opened, more than 4,500 pupils have passed through them. They are the centres for the distribution of agricultural knowledge through their respective districts, and have been an important factor in the upbuilding of agriculture.

A Decent Day's Work

If at the end of the day you can say that you have caused no unhappiness to anyone you have met, that you have learned of one's belief in life or mankind, that you have helped the discouraged and added nothing to the vanity of the ostentatious, then you have done a decent day's work.

A Chicago manufacturer has invented a photographic machine that can produce 4,000 finished prints in an hour.

It is estimated that $100,000,000 is annually spent in U.S. for retail store display advertising.

Restoration Of Dumping Duty Asked By Fruit And Vegetable Producers

Ottawa.—A delegation representing 150,000 producers of fruit, vegetables, eggs and poultry waited on the government to urge that the Minister of Customs be given the right to fix the value of these natural products.

The effect of this would be to restore the dumping duty.

E. J. Chambers, of Vernon, B.C., representing the fruit and vegetable shippers of the Pacific province, argued that the action suggested was as much in the interest of consumers as of producers.

The alarm among producers might not be warranted but alarm attended to a wide degree and should be removed.

Cecil Delworth, Ontario Vegetable Growers' Association, said it was impossible to obtain a balance on the right side of the ledger if the bulk of the Canadian vegetable crop was to be placed on the market at the same time as the cleanup of the crop from the Southern States, and that situation existed today.

Paul Weber, fruit grower of Burlington, Ont., said the home grown fruit was the cheapest offered to the Canadian consumer.

Mr. Motherwell asked how long it took to put through an order-in-council such as would bring the dumping duty into effect.

"About ten minutes and, perhaps, about one-half hour in which to secure the signature of the Governor-General," was the reply.

W. D. Euler, Minister of National Revenue, said that it was the purpose of the government to keep the special valies in force only while a dumping emergency exists.

Bandits Rob Toronto Bank

Secured Over $20,000 In Cash and Securities

Toronto.—One of the largest bank hold-ups in the history of Toronto was carried out by three armed bandits at the Standard Bank of Canada branch at the corner of McCaul and Elm Streets, when cash and securities totalling about $20,000 were secured and carried off.

The three bandits drove up in a sedan car bearing a Michigan license and entered the McCaul street door of the bank. In addition to the staff the only person in the bank at the time was Miss Mayfield Stein, a customer. At the point of revolvers the men forced the staff of three male employees and the woman customer into the vault, scooped up $15,000 in negotiable securities, dropped the loot in a bag, made their exit and drove off.

As the motor car made away with the bandits and their loot the manager and teller secured their revolvers and fired shots after them without taking effect.

Honor Red Cross Founder

Centenary Of Birth Of Henri Dunant Celebrated-In Toronto

Toronto.—More than 200 members of the Red Cross Society, including representatives from branches all over the Dominion, gathered at a banquet here to celebrate the centenary of the birth of Henri Dunant, founder of the Red Cross.

Although Dunant's birthday was on May 8, the meeting of the Ontario Division of the Society was held on as an opportunity for the celebration.

Many distinguished personages attended the meeting, among them being His Honor, the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Ross, Premier and Mrs. Rowell and Lady Falconer, Major J. W. Robertson, chairman of the Canadian Society, Sir Percy Lake, Sir Robert and Lady Falconer, Major-General E. C. Ashton, and Sir Henry Pellatt.

Wants Envoy Recalled

Irish Embassy To U.S. Not Worth the Money Says de Valera

Dublin.—Abolition of the post of Free State representative at Washington was urged in the Dail Eireann budget debate by Eamonn de Valera, the republican leader, who said that it was not worth the money it cost.

It was based on false pretences, he said, and it would be better if the money allotted to have a minister who merely was part of the British embassy. It did not deceive Americans, De Valera said.

Ernest Lapointe, Minister for Industry and Commerce, replying for the government, denied that the Irish minister at Washington was connected with the British embassy and said that the U.S. had recognized the position in sending its own minister to Dublin.

Motion Passed By Council

Resolution In Reference To Settlers Will Be Forwarded To Governor-

Montreal.—At the annual meeting of the Social Service Council of Canada here, a resolution sent up by the social service committee of the diocese of Qu'Appelle was adopted. It was to the effect that no family coming over under the Empire settlement should be placed upon any land that has not been approved by the Reeve of the municipality and the councillor for the district in which said land is located. This resolution will be forwarded to the Federal Government.

Have Had Special Training

Polish Aviators Planned To Make Trans-Atlantic Flight

Warsaw, Poland.—Poland is preparing to step into the field of trans-Atlantic aviation. It has just been learned that for more than a year the ministry of war has been preparing ahead with plans for a flight to New York, probably by way of the Azores. Major Louis Idzikowski and Captain Carimir Kubala have been designated as pilots.

These airmen have been in France for more than 12 months undergoing special training and selecting their machine. This will be a biplane with a powerful motor.

Dates Decided On

Moose Jaw.—The dates of the 1926 Saskatchewan Dairy Convention have just been decided upon by the executive of the Saskatchewan Dairy Association, and it will take place on January 27 and 28, in the city of Albert. This will be the third provincial dairy convention to be held in the northern city, the former ones being in 1921 and 1925.

Killed By Chinese Soldier

Shanghai.—Dr. Walter P. Seymour, superintendent of the Presbyterian board of foreign missions hospital at Tainan, southwest of Shantung, was shot to death by a Chinese soldier. Dr. Seymour, a graduate of Wisconsin University and Northwestern Medical School, Evanston, Ill., came to China in 1893.

Flood Waters Damage Roads

Pensacola, Fla.—Flood water still stands from three to five feet deep at Milligan, Florida. The state highway, which passes through the towns of Milligan and Crestview, 50 miles from here, was reported damaged heavily. Old inhabitants say the water is higher than it has been in 50 years.

Automobile Racer Killed

Car Overturns When Lockhart Was Seeking New Record

Daytona Beach, Fla.—Frank Lockhart, noted automobile racer, was killed almost instantly here when his last control of his machine while racing down the beach at more than 200 miles an hour.

On his first run, Lockhart had been clocked at 147 miles an hour. The return trip was made at a speed of 193 miles. Starting South on the beach again the machines speed was timed at 203.67 miles.

In the final trip, it was apparent that he was making more than 200 miles an hour when the racer went out of control, about 500 yards south of the beginning of the mile stretch directly in front of the grandstand.

Lockhart's machine was demolished. The car in which the famous speed king met his death was the one in which he plunged into the ocean here on February 22 last, while making an attempt to set a world's record during the annual speed trials here.

Must Exercise More Care

Charge Dry Officers At Border Cities Should Be Closely Guarded

Ottawa.—Canada will communicate immediately with her minister in Washington, Hon. Vincent Massey, in respect to the endangering of lives of Canadian citizens from bullets believed to have been fired by American prevention officers operating under the Volstead Act, stated Premier King in the House.

Mr. Massey will ask that more care be exercised by these U.S. officials.

According to S. F. Robinson, Conservative, Essex West, several times recently, but last month in particular, have been nearly killed by bullets from American preventive officers at the border cities of Windsor, Walkerville, and Sandwich.

BRITAIN NAMES SIR WM. CLARK OTTAWA ENVOY

London.—Sir William Henry Clark, comptroller-general of the department of overseas trade since 1917, has been appointed British high commissioner to Ottawa.

Sir William Clark is the eldest son of the late W. J. Clark, Scroops House, Cambridge, and is in his 53rd year.

Sir William was educated at Eton and Trinity College, Cambridge. He has had an exceptional training in commercial matters. He was a clerk in the Board of Trade Department of the government in 1899; secretary to the mission sent to Shanghai to negotiate a commercial treaty with China in 1901; acting second secretary to the diplomatic service in 1902; secretary to the Royal Commission on the House supply of food, etc., in time of war, 1903-5.

He was the private secretary of the Board of Trade to Lloyd George in 1906, and to Winston Churchill when the latter was associated with the British embassy and said that the U.S. had recognized the position in sending its own minister to Dublin.

Socialist Leader Has World Peace Scheme

Would Confiscate Half Gold Reserve Of Nations Declaring War

Paris. — While Foreign Minister Aristide Briand and Secretary of War Frank B. Kellogg are getting on slowly in their proposals for outlawing war, Dr. Weill, Socialist leader, has put forward a powerful idea for putting old man Mars out of business.

Dr. Weill says in a proposal made public:

"Let every power that is a member of the league of nations deposit half of its gold reserve at Geneva, agreeing that it will be confiscated the moment it declares war, and I guarantee shooting irons will go right out of fashion."

Bill Is Passed

Ottawa.—The private bills committee of the House passed the bill of the Sisters of Charity (Grey Nuns) of the Northwest Territories. The surviving purport of the bill, it was explained, is to enable the Grey Nuns to make a bond issue to cover reconstruction of a wing of their hospital at Calgary.

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Awarded Highest Honor

New York.—For his three years' explorations in the Arctic, culminating in his flight across the Arctic basin, Captain George H. Wilkins was awarded the Samuel Finley Breese Morse gold medal, the highest honor in the bestowal of the American Geographical Society.

Plan Regular Atlantic Flights

Berlin, Germany.—Nineteen Lufthansa company pilots have been trained as ocean navigators and a group of nine to eleven ton airplanes is being constructed ready for regular trans-Atlantic flight service, probably to South America it was announced recently.

CANADIAN GIRL AVIATOR

Miss Caroline Sykes, of Toronto, the first Canadian girl to make a parachute jump from an aeroplane, is the only Canadian girl attending the all-American aircraft convention in Detroit. She predicts a bright future for aviation in Canada and is anxious to become an air mail pilot.

Gave Life To Aid Bremen

Floyd Bennett Dies In Quebec Hospital From Double Pneumonia

Quebec.—Floyd Bennett, one of the world's best known aviators, died in hospital here following a severe attack of double pneumonia.

Bennett, who, in conjunction with Richard Byrd, was one of the first to try to bring tangible aid to the stranded German and Irish trans-Atlantic fliers at Greenly Island, contracted his illness as a direct result of his attempt to help his stranded fellow airmen whose plane, the Bremen, was in a disabled condition at out-of-the-way Greenly Island.

Bennett had been suffering from a heavy cold prior to his take-off from Detroit and had undertaken the flight against advice of physicians.

His wife and Commander Byrd, both of whom assisted him soon New York when informed as to Bennett's serious condition, were at his bedside before he died. Mrs. Bennett herself was ill when she arrived here and was occupying a cot in the hospital, suffering from tonsilitis.

Russian Whites Lose Leader

General Wrangel, Enemy Of Bolshevism, Dies At Brussels

Brussels, Belgium. — Baron Peter Wrangel, the last hope of the Russian Whites, whose army the Bolsheviki defeated in the Black Sea seven years ago, is dead.

The end came in the little suburban village of Uccle, where he died, thus leaving the last remnants of his command, a few Caucasians and Don Cossacks, in Jugo-Slavia. He suffered from intestinal trouble which affected his heart and lungs.

General Wrangel was born at St. Petersburg, now Leningrad, August 15, 1878. He was a member of a remarkable family which traced its origin to the middle ages. His Baltian states as far back as 1200.

Won Sailing Race

San Francisco.—The thirty-three-year-old "Star of Alaska," a single rigged sailing ship, won a race from San Francisco to Alaska, from the league "Star of England," it was learned here. The owners had offered a $100 purse to the crew of the winning ship.

Increase In Immigration

More Britishers Arrive and Canadians Returning From U.S.

Ottawa.—In the fiscal year ended March 31, 1928, immigration to Canada amounted to 151,537, an increase of 5 per cent. over the previous year, when it totalled 143,991. These figures were made public by the department of immigration and colonization.

During the last 12 months, as compared with the preceding year, there has been an increase in British immigration of 1,803. Immigration from the United States has increased by 3,982, and from other countries the increase has been 2,358.

A significant feature of the statistics is the increase in immigration from the United States, which was greater than the increase from all other sources combined.

During March the total immigration to Canada was 14,685, of which 3,150 were British, 2,383 from the United States, and 9,132 from other countries.

During March 2,670 Canadians who had gone to the United States to reside returned to Canada, declaring their intention of remaining permanently in this country. The number of such returning Canadians in the fiscal year was 39,857.

Pleased With Senate Prospects

Janey Canuck Sees Results Of Twelve Year Campaign

Edmonton, Alta.—The announcement from Ottawa, that the Dominion Parliament would take steps to amend provisions of the British North America Act so that women could be legally appointed to the Senate, brings to a climax a 12-year campaign on the part of the active instituted and waged with unswerving vigor by Mrs. Emily Murphy, first woman to be appointed police magistrate in Canada, and who, under the pen name of Janey Canuck, has contributed much literature to the press in addition to administering to the social and political life of the country.

Asked regarding the statement on the subject made in Parliament, by Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Justice, Mrs. Murphy expressed her heartiest appreciation of the Government's action, and said it was one with which the people of Canada, for the most part, were in perfect harmony, irrespective of "class, creed, party or sex."

BEATTY STRESSES CANADA'S NEED OF POPULATION

Ottawa.—More executive efficiency and greater administrative initiative under experienced executives commanding high salaries were among the suggestions offered by Sir Edward Beatty, president of the Canadian Pacific railway.

Sir Beatty indicated his belief that the present efforts being made by the government and the railways were bringing inadequate results. He approved of the policy of the railways to maintain as a method of eliminating "misfits" from immigrants.

Millions of acres of the 9,500,000 people were of British and French origin, he said.

"This would indicate that we have not yet reached the point at which the admission of continentals, even in considerable numbers, should cause apprehension," said Sir Beatty.

"We are all, I think," said Mr. Beatty, "impressed with the fact that Canada's most urgent need is progress in the last few years but we think progress can be expedited and even greater prosperity follow the admission of more people to the country. I share the views of the president of the National Railways and I agree with him that a great ambition should be to admit, first from Great Britain and afterward from the United States and selected continental countries, men who are physically fit, and able, and willing to follow agricultural pursuits.

"If the figures for the past three years are approximately correct that 80,000 per year was the net increase in our population, other than from natural increase, then the growth of the country and its resources are considered, it cannot, I think, be said we are admitting a large proportion of new settlers. I feel, too, that with present condition of things the fundamental principles underlying immigration are not being met. Immigration as applied to Canada relates almost exclusively to land settlement and colonization. The acceptance of men who followed other pursuits will depend upon the opportunities for employment existing in Canada and when these opportunities are known to exist they will be secured without difficulty and without effort. The fact, the history of the U.S. has indicated that where jobs are available applicants are usually found for them in great numbers.

"If I am correct in assuming that the question is one of land settlement and colonization, our efforts must be of necessity largely restricted to obtaining settlers or those who can in time become settlers. We have a great deal of unoccupied land in Canada.

Expresses Alarm Over Number Of Europeans Now Entering Canada

Balkan States Still Swept By Earthquake

Cyclones and Tidal Waves Add To Panic Of Population

Vienna, Austria.—The whole of the Balkan peninsula, shaken by a series of devastating earthquakes, still is being swept by violent tremors.

The latest cities to fall in the wake of the earth's terrific movement are the ancient city of Adrianople, in European Turkey, and the large Bulgarian city of Varna, on the Black Sea, while successive underground upheavals have completed the destruction of the classical Greek city of Corinth and several additional cities in Bulgaria.

The Varna earthquake is described as worse than that which caused great damage in the populous city of Philippolis several days ago.

It was accompanied by a giant tidal wave which inundated the city and sank everything in the harbor.

The far-famed islands of Mitylene and Syria, in the Aegean Sea, also have swept by a cyclone which unroofed hundreds of houses, damaged crops and spread panic throughout the population.

Germans Planning New Trip Across Atlantic

Completing Plans For Another Flight To North America

Dessau, Germany. — Negotiations for another flight to North America by a Junkers plane by way of Baldonnel, Ireland, have almost been completed.

The Junkers officials, however, have refused to divulge the details of the latest Associated Press learns that the project is being engineered by Lieut. Hilmes Viennese who made the last year got as far as the Azores in the D-1230 in an effort to make the Westward passage.

The Europa, sister plane of the Bremen, which last year was completed to land after a valiant effort to start for the U.S., will be used and will be piloted by Johann Mistics, who was aboard the Europa on her unsuccessful attempt.

It is understood that Fraulien Idilens owns the Europa and that she will be a passenger on the new attempt.

Commissioner Of Lands Dead

John W. Greenway Was Son Of Former Premier Of Manitoba

Ottawa.—John W. Greenway, aged 67 years, commissioner of lands, Department of Interior, and son of the late Hon. Thomas Greenway, former Premier of Manitoba, died here.

He had been in ill health since the death of his wife, March 4 last.

Mr. Greenway was appointed supervising some thousands of settlers took up land in the West and he was largely responsible for the success of the various plans used in providing homesteads for these settlers.

Mr. Greenway was born at Bervie, Ont., at the time his father was Federal member for Huron.

The family moved to Manitoba in 1879 and after his father became premier of that province most of the management of their farm at Crystal City fell on the shoulders of the son. In 1886 John Greenway was appointed inspector of School Lands in Manitoba and became commissioner of lands under the Dominion Government in 1904.

Advocate Growing Of Fewer And Better Varieties Of Wheat

Regina.—Realizing the necessity of maintaining uniformity in the standard of pool wheat, the directors of the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool have been actively investigating ways and means of encouraging the production of fewer and better varieties in the province and have actively associated themselves with the promotion of a sound system.

"One of the factors making for lack of uniformity," said a Wheat Pool official, "is the great increase in the number of varieties that has developed since the introduction of Marquis in 1903. It is true that great advances have been made in the production of wheat by cross breeding and selection by different agencies such as experimental farms and prominent seed growers, but with no restriction on the number of varieties licensed the result has been that a large number of varieties have been produced, not all of which have proved superior to the existing varieties.

"In many cases the new wheat varieties are higher yielding and have greater rust resistance but are lower in milling or baking qualities than the previous standard varieties. The result of mixing several varieties of wheat of less distinct characteristics has been a steady trend away from uniformity in the whole crop. The fewer the varieties the greater the uniformity.

"One such recent introduction is the Vermilion wheat variety, which is considerably lower in milling and baking quality and is in no way superior to other varieties that might be used for seed.

"The Dominion and provincial government institutions have tested and experimented with cereal varieties for many years, but the results of these experiments have sometimes been conflicting owing to the location of the experimental stations in different portions of the country where different climatic and soil conditions prevail. The lack of co-ordination of experimental work between all the stations concerned has tended to confuse farmers as to what are really the most desirable varieties from both the production and marketing standpoint.

Norwegians Aid Canada's Development

1. A group of Norwegians photographed after having spent a few years in Canada.

2. Young girl dressed in the costume typical of her native country.

By introducing into Canada such winter sport talent as that of the Nelson brothers in ski-jumping, and others in figure skating, Norwegians have won much favor and esteem in the eyes of Canadians.

Nels Nelsen, C.P.R. brakeman created a world's record in 1925 at Revelstoke, B.C., in making a successful leap down the mountain side of 240 feet, a distance that has not yet been surpassed. His brother, Ingvald Nelsen, created the record for the Quebec jump this winter in making 134 feet, a highly creditable performance on that particular jump.

At Montreal, Quebec and other winter sport centres in Canada, Norwegians, as amateurs and professionals, have contributed much to native figure skating talent. They have undoubtedly shared in the training of the outstanding Canadian skaters, many of whom have won great distinction in international and world competitions.

Out of Canada's population of 9,500,000 roughly 69,000 are of Norwegian origin. The annual average influx of immigrants from Norwegian ports is 5,000, the majority travelling by Canadian Pacific ships to Quebec and Montreal in the summer, and St. John, N.B., in the winter. These vessels are splendidly equipped for their purpose and carry as many as 900 immigrant passengers at a time, considerably exceeding the capacity of other lines.

The settlers travel from Oslo and Christiania by the weekly service maintained by the Elleman Wilson Steamship Line to Hull, across England by the London and North Eastern Railway, and embark at Liverpool. Special C.P.R. trains run from Quebec through to Winnipeg for distribution of the immigrants throughout western Canada.

The Canadian Pacific maintains agencies for the service of prospective Norwegian immigrants at Aalesund, Bergen, Oslo, Stavanger and Trondhjem.

Eliminating Waste

Value Of Scientific Effort As Related To Production

The Vancouver Province publishes a well-informed and valuable editorial article under the heading, "Waste." It deals with wheat, fruit, lumber, minerals and fish. In each of these classifications of production this country has been wasteful either by way of actual waste of good material or of failure to produce the best of which it is capable.

The Province refers to the quantity of comparatively low grade wheat that was grown last season. "So far as Canada is raising poor wheat when she might raise good wheat," the Province says, "she is wasting her opportunities and the labor of her farmers and is jeopardising her reputation as the grower of high-grade grain." This is quite true and this is also the primary reason why trained agriculturists in Alberta recently promoted a province-wide campaign for pure seed. It can not be said, nor does The Province say, that it is possible always to grow grain of high grade. Last year proved this. It was an off year. Late rains and early snow affected the quality. But, year in and year out, the quality will be higher if careful attention is paid to sound seed and to the weed evil. What greater care would mean in increased revenue for the farming population they can easily estimate by comparing the prices received for No. 1 and No. 2 Northern with those of No. 3 and the lower grades.

We in this province are not so closely concerned with waste in lumber and mining. But we should not neglect the fact that increased values wrought from our natural resources anywhere in the Dominion is to the indirect trading conditions in Calgary and Alberta.

Fortunately, there is a national awakening in Canada to the value of scientific effort as related to production of all sorts. Science has done and is now doing great things in eliminating waste and in adding to the value of man's efforts. This is as true in the field of agriculture as industry as it is in the field of manufacturing industry. Science is not selfish. The results of advance are open to the use of all who are alert and ambitious. We hear many complaints about conditions in this country. Many of them are much better off than most of us realize and better off than those in many other lands. But, as The Winnipeg Province rightly says, "there would be no complaints did we use our patrimony to the full and not waste it."—Calgary Herald.

Bravest Deed Of Year

Lobscer Risked Life For Eight Hours To Save His Companions

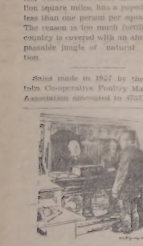
It is always pleasing to note brave deeds. In London the other day a gold medal was awarded for the "bravest act of the year." It was awarded to Ernest T. Johnson, a lobster. With a co-worker, Johnson was digging a ditch. It was sixteen feet deep and the subsoil was quicksand. Without warning, the ditch suddenly completely burying his co-orker and partly burying Johnson. The earth was bearing down from above and further collapse was threatened, a circumstance that would undoubtedly have cost the lives of both men. A heavy timber was just above the head of Johnson's partner, who was sinking lower and lower into the soft soil. There was serious doubt that he would be able to breathe more than a few minutes. But Johnson didn't attempt to save himself. He didn't attempt to get free and come out of the trap to safety. Instead he held the heavy weight of the earth and timber on his back, thus protecting his partner as well as forestalling further collapse, while he brushed the sand away from the sinking head of his buried companion to enable him to breathe. After Johnson had kept up the fight against burial alive for eight hours the two men were rescued.

Heroes always have come from the unselfish as from no other places. This incident from London sheets new glory upon the humble of the earth. —Regina Leader.

Too Much Fertility

The Amazon basin in South America, which covers more than two million square miles, has a population of less than one percent per square mile. The reason is too much fertility. The country is covered with an almost impassable jungle of natural vegetation.

Rains made in 1927 by the Manitoba Cooperative Poultry Marketing Association amounted to 4757,925.



Witness: "Must I take the oath? I don't believe in God."

Judge: "It doesn't matter so long as you believe in jail!" Kasper Stockholm.

The worker bee has 6,000 facets to its eyes and the drone 13,000.

All Ancient Customs

Used At Most Weddings But Few People Know Why

Here are five wedding questions which few could answer, says a writer in Answers: Why does a bride wear a veil? Why is she thrown over a bridal couple as they leave the church? Why is the wedding-ring put on the fourth finger of the left hand? Why is an old shoe thrown after a married couple as they drive to the station? Why have a wedding-cake?

The veil is but the continuance of the ancient Eastern rule that no man save her husband should see a woman's face, and not even he until after the ceremony.

The throwing of rice is another Eastern custom with a like origin. Rice is food in the East, and throwing it symbolized a wish for plenty.

The choice of the fourth finger of the left hand for the ring is a old custom of pagan Rome. It was believed that a nerve went direct from that finger to the heart.

Shoe-throwing is another Eastern custom which we have adopted with a slight variation. Originally the bride's father gave an old shoe to the bridegroom as a symbol that he surrendered to him his parental right of guiding the daughter. A shoe or slipper was the usual instrument employed.

The wedding-cake is Roman in origin. A cake made of flour, salt, and water was always eaten by Roman couples in the presence of the priest. It formed part of the marriage rites.

Finally, behind the question: "Who giveth this bride to be married to this man?" was the accepted belief that a woman was a "chattel," like furniture.

England the Music Maker

Supplies Every Civilized Country With Best Orchestral Instruments

"The English are called an unmusical nation, but England makes the music of the world."

This statement was made by Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. Tatton, the organizing director of the Federation of British Musical Industries.

"British band and orchestral instruments are used throughout the world, to every civilized country, and there are famous orchestras all over the world which use only British-made instruments are used.

"We also excel in the engraving of the plates from which music is printed. Other countries are entirely a subsidiental trade before the war, but work as good in quality and as inexpensive as anything of the kind which is made on the Continent is now produced in this country, and music engraving is becoming a British industry.

"We export as many gramophones and gramophone records as all the rest of the world put together. Germany is a good customer for English gramophones and records, and Italy buys more gramophones and records from Britain than she manufactures herself."

Canada Land Of Surprises

Country Strikes New Arrivals In Many Different Ways

Canada, a land of breath-taking surprises to new arrivals from Jugo-Slavia and neighboring countries, according to M. J. Simonovitch, colonizing agent for the C.P.R.'s department of colonization and development.

"Some of them think they have come to a land of magic," he said. "Where magical wonders are wrought by merely pressing levers or turning switches—where tides and climate are controlled. Others are surprised by the feeling that the country is only slightly different from their own.

"Others again, looking out of the train window on their way from St. John to Montreal, upon rocky soil with patches of snow here and there, refuse to believe that the world's best wheat can possibly be grown in this country."

The Lure Of the Farm

For City Dweller Usually Means Wish For a Rest

The weak side to the city man's longing for a farm is that he feels the longing is strongest in the spring, right when he has the greatest desire to get away from work and soil and get the reminder of his day's business. For this reason it looks as if his longing to own a farm has no connection whatever with farm work, but simply wishes to get away from town and do nothing. It is a farm residence he wants, and a farm spring and he would like to have a beautiful field of wheat; but he doesn't wish to work in the field. That is not his idea of living a farmer's healthy life. For some few men in town who would really make good farmers but most of those who long for farm life at this season are thinking of complete rest.

Judge: Only married a week and you beat your wife? A month's imprisonment will cure you.

Husband: It's a bit tough spoiling our honeymoon like that.

The man who tries to achieve something and fails is infinitely greater than the man who tries to do nothing and succeeds.

FEEDING AND WEANING YOUNG PIGS

Profit Depends To a Large Extent On Proper Treatment

The profit one makes in the raising of hogs depends to a larger extent than many suppose on the treatment the litters receive while they are quite young. Years of experience and scores of experiments on the Experimental Farms have justified the conclusion that the character of the feeding and management of the suckling and weaned pig has as great influence on the economy of production. Circular No. 61, of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, recommends teaching the litter to eat three weeks before weaning. The use of a creep which will admit the little pigs but not the mother, is recommended. For best results at weaning time, sweet skim milk is regarded as a practical necessity, subsequently sour skim milk or buttermilk may be used. Middlings mixed with milk are easily digested and very nourishing. It is recommended also to scatter a few handfuls of dry grain from time to time in the bedding. This encourages the little pigs taking exercise in hunting up the kernels. Over-feeding is a frequent cause of ill-health and stunting. If two litters a year are to be raised it may be necessary to wean the pigs at six weeks of age, but if the litters are more widely distributed they should not be taken from their mothers until they are two months old. This circular, written by Mr. H. Barton, of the Dominion Animal Husbandman, and his assistant, Mr. W. G. Dunsmore, which is available at the Publications Branch of the Department, recommends ideal rations not only for the weanlings but for all classes of hogs. It also gives very helpful advice on how to avoid or overcome ill health.

Value Of Shelterbelts

Good Results Have Been Obtained From An Agricultural Standpoint

The planting of shelterbelts on prairie farms in Western Canada has given appreciable results from an agricultural standpoint. The winter-killing power of the soil has been increased; better crops have resulted, and the protection from extremes of temperature and wind movements has enabled the introduction of the hardier fruits in many localities. Of particular importance is the additional moisture secured through the formation of snow drifts which, melting gradually in the spring, provide water after adjoining treeless areas have largely dried up.

Made To Suit

A young married man returned from India had engaged a new nurse for her baby. "I don't know what's the matter, madam," said the little one cries and cries. I can do nothing to quiet it." The mother thought a moment. Then, brightening up, she said; "I remember now, Baby's last nurse was a black one. You will find the stove-polish on the third shelf of the kitchen cupboard."

Unless a man has scored at least one failure he is unable to appreciate success.

Don't pick out for your friend a man whose dog won't follow him.

Road Programme Carried Out

More Than 7,000 Miles Built With Dominion Subsidy Since 1919

Virtual completion of Canada's road building programme, begun in 1919, was accomplished in 1927, according to the recently published annual report of the Commissioner of Highways. Co-operation between the federal and Provincial governments of Canada, given under the Canada Highways Act, made possible the successful carrying out of the road programme.

Up to the end of March, 1927, 7,438 miles had been completed out of a total of 8,445 provided under the agreement. This mileage was constructed under the provisions governing the federal subsidy whereby the Dominion Government undertook to furnish 40 per cent. of the cost, the provinces taking care of the remaining 60 per cent. The federal appropriation amounted to $20,000,000 and the estimated cost of the highways was $48,-900,782. Of this federal government in March, last, had provided $18,775,602 out of an estimated Dominion aid of $19,090,388.

All provinces moved eagerly to take advantage of the grant and cooperated up to the full extent so that the securing benefits are spread generally over the Dominion. The total amounts received by the provinces are, Prince Edward Island, $603,455; Nova Scotia, $1,468,726; New Brunswick, $1,163,845; Quebec, $4,745,420; Ontario, $3,824,000; Manitoba, $1,-345,739; Saskatchewan, $1,884,594; Alberta, $585,589, and British Columbia, $1,251,950.

Giving Lessons On Walking

Vienna Is Holding a "Pedestrians Week" For This Purpose

Vienna is to have a "Pedestrians Week" for the purpose of teaching the people how to use the streets. A large body of traffic policemen will daily invade all the principal thoroughfares, detain the walking citizens and demonstrate to them how they must follow-on, cross, overtake and pass each other on the sidewalks and where and how to cross the streets.

Had Passed Printing Age

A catalogue of farming implements sent out by a manufacturer found its way to a remote rural village, where it was evidently received with interest, for the firm got back a carefully-written, if somewhat clumsily expressed letter, asking for further particulars about one of the articles advertised.

To this, in the usual course of business, was sent a typewritten answer.

By return of post, the manufacturer received this reply: "Yer need not print your letters to me, I can read writing.

Traveller (on boat)—"You were sick the first few days of the trip and the captain gave you leave." Did you ask for it?"

The New Deck Hand—"I didn't need to ask.

A motorist says that pedestrians are not to be trusted. No, they are always up to some dodge or other.

THE SUGAR JACK SYSTEM OF FEEDING

Does Not Seem To Displace the Nutritive Value Of Roughage

The "Sugar Jack" process is a method recently put on the market for the utilization of dry, coarse and unpalatable forage. It is an ensiling process in which a so-called "converter," the Sugar Jack Converter, is used to moisten the dry forage before it is placed in the press or small silo. An experimental investigation of this process has been made by the Animal Husbandry Division at the Central Experimental Farm and the results published in a new bulletin entitled "The Conversion Of Dry Roughage Into a Succulent Feed.

Analysis of the "Sugar Jack Converter" has shown it to consist largely of common salt plus skeked lime and a little vegetable matter. In fact warm water alone, and warm water with common salt used to replace the Sugar Jack Converter proved to be as satisfactory in the processing as did the solution of the converter. Judging from the results of practical feeding tests and from digestion and bacteriological analysis, Sugar Jack processing does not add to or impair the nutritive value of the original roughage. In the feeding trials the Sugar Jack ration produced considerably less milk than silage and was much more expensive. The production of milk and fat from the consumption of the unprocessed dry roughage was equal to that from similar roughage processed by the Sugar Jack system, and the dry roughage was equally palatable. Besides the Sugar Jack process requires much more labor than is necessary in feeding either corn silage or unprocessed roughage. As a matter of fact the Sugar Jack process is simply a development of an old fashioned method of feed preparation long since discarded in favor of modern methods such as the silo. The bulletin is distributed by the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Blazing the Trail

Brain Is Like Forest and Thoughts Are Just Paths

The brain is like a dense forest, and our thoughts are backwoodsmen blazing a trail. When once a certain thought has passed through it, it is easier for the same kind of a thought to come again. That is habit. Hold a piece of paper, then spread it out. It is easier to fold it again in the same crease than in any other way. That is habit. So, to create a habit of cheerfulness, we must send cheerful thoughts along again and again until the trail in our minds is thoroughly blazed. Then it will be easy to be cheerful.—E. F. Anderson.

Vegetable Canning For Lethbridge

Arrangements are being made by the Brodar Canning Co., of New Westminster, B.C., to open up a number of fruit stands in the original districts surrounding Lethbridge for the purpose of investigating the possibilities for growing vegetables for canning. At least 600 acres for the growing of peas would have to be signed up.

The letter carrier expects everyone on his route to take things as they come.

INTREPID AIRMEN MAKE AVIATION HISTORY

The above is the most recent photograph of the three fliers who are the only ones ever to conquer the North Atlantic in a westerly non-stop flight and who also spent the old superstitions about Friday the 13th being unlucky by concluding their history-making hop from Baldonnel aerodrome in Ireland, to Greenly Island, Quebec, on the 13th date. The first outside help to reach the trio was brought by a Fairchild plane which reached Greenly on Sunday afternoon, April 15, at five o'clock and aboard which were Lieut. C. A. (Duke) Schiller, Dr. Louis Cuisinier and Mechanic Thibault. The picture shows above, from left to right: Captain Herman Koehl, co-pilot of the Bremen; Baron Ehrenfeld von Hornefeld, financial backer, and Col. James E. Fitzmaurice, commandant of the Irish Free State air force and co-pilot of the Bremen.

GAME FISH FOR ALBERTA WATERS

Maligne Lake In Jasper National Park To Be Stocked With Speckled Trout

Two hundred and fifty thousand speckled trout fry will be released in the Maligne Medicine Lakes system in Jasper National Park, Alberta, as soon as conditions will permit this spring. The eggs are already in Jasper and are being hatched under the supervision of the Fisheries' Department, Ottawa, which is undertaking the stocking of these waters and also of various waters between Edmonton and Jasper.

The effort to provide angling facilities for Maligne Lake, Medicine Lake and Maligne River, one of the most beautiful water systems in the Canadian Rockies, follows a two-year investigation of these and other water systems in the park by a party of biologists from the University of Manitoba. The investigations were ordered by the Biological Board of Canada at the request of the Canadian National Railways and Canada Parks Department, and the party comprised: Ferris Neave, Alan Moisley, A. Bajkov, Miss R. Bere and Dr. W. A. Clemens.

The investigation proved that the waters of Maligne Lake and the Maligne River to Medicine Lake are barren of fish though there is an abundant food life present in the waters to sustain speckled trout, which provides better sport than the Dolly Varden and it is upon this recommendation that action is being taken.

Fish hatcheries already prove successful there will be added to the game fish areas of Canada one of the most beautiful chains of water on the continent. Maligne Lake is the most glacial fed lake in the Rockies. It lies about 35 miles south of Jasper and is followed by a motor road. Maligne River runs out of the lake for fourteen miles into Medicine Lake, a body of water three miles long and about half a mile wide, which, in places, slides have formed Medicine Lake into a natural reservoir. The only outlet is through underground flow, the chance of the fish escaping down stream to come to grief in the two huge canyons which lie several miles beyond. As a start on the work of the stocking of these lakes, plant life has already been placed in the waters.

In their report to the government Dr. C. H. O'Donoghue and Mr. Ferris Neave make some interesting observations. They find that Lac Beauvert, upon the shore of which Jasper Park Lodge is built, is capable of supporting trout. They recommend that the stocking of this lake be undertaken, but if it is not thought necessary to have anglers at the new hotel, that golden carp or some other decorative fish be substituted for the trout. In the small lake at the rear crystal clear decorative fish would be seen to advantage.

It is recommended that Lake Mildred, which lies immediately back of Jasper Park Lodge, should be stocked with small mouth black bass. Condition here for this lake are suitable for propagation of this game fish. Lake Edith, about two miles from the Lodge, contains some rock trout (Salvelinus namaycush) now and it is suggested that more of this species be set free in the waters.

In Maligne Canyon, Buffalo Prairie and Jacques Lakes, all within a reasonable distance of Jasper, though accessible only by a trail trip, already contain trout of one kind or another, particularly Buffalo Prairie which is a good fishing ground for rainbow trout, and Jacques Lake which yields many Dolly Varden in a season. Close supervision and periodical closing of these waters is also recommended.

Because of the distance from which eggs have to be brought to Jasper it is suggested that a small hatchery be established at a convenient point in the park. The Fisheries Department is giving this matter its attention and it is probable that the recommendation will be carried out as soon as convenient.

In addition to stocking the waters within the park the Government will also undertake this year the stocking and replenishing of waters between Edmonton and Jasper, many of which have attracted anglers in the past.

Showed Her Gratitude

Mother Rewarded Brave School Teacher In Unusual Way

A charming young school teacher who has charge of children of about eight and nine in a school in Grant Park, Chicago, has been the recipient of a letter of thanks and appreciation from her daughter's work and behavior. These were reported to her employers in a manner unusual in the extreme. The next day the little girl trapped up to the teacher's desk and handed her a bundle with the words: "Ma made these for you." The teacher thanked her and began to unwrap it. Then she put it away from her desk drawer. It was a bottle of Scotch.

Farm Is a Factory

A farm is a factory. It properly equipped and managed efficiently to turn out a product someone wants to buy. It will succeed. Inadequate equipment, poor management and inferior products spell failure.—Farmer's Advocate.

In Canada, the forest is second only to agriculture in the value of its products.

Sheep Club Work

More General Interest Is Created and Better Results Obtained

Sheep clubs, wherever established, usually become centres of general sheep raising activity. Youthful members bring enthusiasm into their new enterprise, and as a result of their well directed efforts succeed in their undertaking. These clubs, organized by government sheep promoters, federal and provincial, and assisted in getting their foundation of ewes, are started off on correct lines. An incentive is given the members not only to make the most of their sheep but to spread the information they receive in their experience and otherwise, throughout the districts in which they live. In the Oakville District, in the Province of Manitoba, a sheep club has been well established. One of its members, Mr. James Bartlett, has undertaken to popularize sheep raising by making public his views in an essay he has prepared on "Sheep and Their Care In Manitoba." His experience leads him to believe that to succeed with sheep one must have a natural liking for live stock. He recommends creating an intimacy with the members of his flock, which he has learned by experience will be found profitable in their well doing.

After describing the several breeds of sheep popular in Canada, Mr. Bartlett gives advice on starting the flock. The ewes, he says, can be purchased in August and September cheaper than at any other time of the year, and by buying at that time the heavy milking ewes can be picked out. The ram should be carefully developed at that season to help one to judge not only of his character but of the qualities possessed by the rest of the stock. Mr. Bartlett regards the winter housing as an important feature in sheep raising. He recommends giving the flock shelter from the wind and storms but offers a warning against close housing which would result in the stock developing contract colds. As a general winter feed, good hay and straw are recommended, but towards lambing time a small amount of grain would be beneficial, particularly for those that are at all thin in condition. A dry bed, opportunity for plenty of exercise, and a supply of clean water and salt always available, should bring the flock through in fine condition to produce vigorous lambs and to nourish them well.

An Essential For Good Butter

Care Of Cream Is a Most Important Factor

Without a fine quality of cream it is impossible to make a good class of butter. Not only must it be produced from healthy, properly fed cows, but it must be cared for so as to preserve it in that condition. The production and care of cream involves many considerations that are discussed and clearly presented in Pamphlet No. 37, of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa on "The Care of Cream For Buttermaking." This circular describes the various causes of ill-flavored cream and tells how this may be avoided. Where the delivery of cream by the patrons is done only twice a week, it is recommended that it must be kept down to at least 48 degrees, requiring the use of ice. The circular urges upon the creamery owner to see that his equipment is such that the cream is handled in the most efficient way, that the testing is done accurately, and that the creamery itself is a model of cleanliness and a standing object lesson to the patrons.

Of Course It Didn't

A London music hall artist was singing "Baby Face," the only he pronounced it "Biby Face."

This was not going at all well with the audience so a small boy performer told him to sing it in better English.

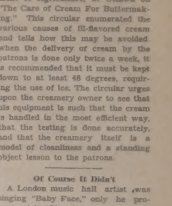
"Yes," he replied, "but 'Baby Face' doesn't rhyme the next line, y'see—'Take your place'."

Honored By His Majesty

The King has appointed the Earl of Athlone, Governor-General of South Africa and brother of Queen Mary, a Knight of the Garter. The Duke of Abercorn and Baron Desborough have also been appointed Knights of the Garter. The Knights of the Most Noble Order of the Garter were instituted in 1349.

In the anthracite mining districts of Pennsylvania, many children of 13 and 14 years of age are full-time wage earners.

The Columbia forfeited in the Canadian Rockies covers 150 square miles and is the source of streams flowing in three oceans.



"Head and shoulders or full length?"

"The principal things to get in are the football and cigarette."—Doctor-tarbier, Berlin.

Hardy Norse Explorers Make Trip To Barren Lands On The Coppermine River

Waking the echoing silences disturbed only at long intervals by white men over the centuries, two young Norwegians — Hjalmar Nelson-Dale and Helge Ingstad—are today, if all has gone well with them, basking their dangerous way back across the barren lands from the headwaters of the Coppermine River.

Only twice in the last 160 years, so far as is known, have white men penetrated to the source of the river in the mysterious hinterland through which the Coppermine River flows.

Its discovery was made in 1772 by Samuel Hearne, following an earlier attempt in 1760, when the desertion of his Indians compelled abandonment of the effort.

Hearne's successful expedition of 1770-1772 was marked by the massacre—which he was unable to prevent —of a peaceful Eskimo tribe by his own Indians, and history has marched that fateful spot on the map of the Northland with the name of "Bloody Falls," the slaughter occurring close by some falls on the Coppermine River.

Then in 1821 came the thrilling and ill-fated Franklin expedition, which traversed 5,550 miles out and back across the barren lands from Hudson Bay to learn the bones of many of its members lying in the inhospitable earth over which the survivors dragged their weary way.

Another 100 years almost elapsed until, in 1924, G. H. Blanchet, of Ottawa, made his brilliant dash into the unknown to discover the outflow of water through a rock wall of an elevated lake from whence, looking Northward toward the Arctic, the peaceful Copperman was observed slowly through a broad plain dotted with herds of caribou, to the shores of the Northern Sea.

It was in the summer of 1937 that the two young Norwegians—Nelson Dale was born in Canada, and so is Norse-Canadian—left Edmonton for Fort Resolution, there to start out on the first leg of their hazardous journey.

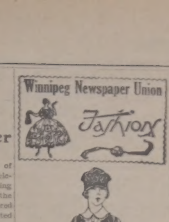
In July, 1937, they wrote to O. C. Bonnes, Edmonton lawyer, that they were leaving Resolution that out-post of civilization—in a few days and that if all went well they hoped to reach the Coppermine river in the fall of the year, spending a year in the "terra incognita," and returning to civilization by dog train.

The fall of 1938 should see the two adventurers safely back provided they have met with no mishap.

Nelson Dale is a qualified attorney-at-law in Norway and for some time was correspondent for "Tidens Tegn," the largest newspaper in that country.

His partner has hunted and trapped in the north for some years and spent the winter with Ingstad after a trip home to Norway in 1926-27.

Neither adventurer apparently was aware before he left that Mr. Blanchet had preceded them by three years in their attempt to reach the Coppermine river head waters.



1479

Smart Sports Frocks Are Simply Fashioned

A stunning one-piece frock is pictured here, with all the fashion interest centred in the front, leaving the back plain, in the new manner. Three soft plaits give added width to the lower part of the skirt. The deep V-shaped front and vestee are of the latest mode, while the round collar and flared cuffs may be trimmed with frilling. Buttons—an important feature this season—adorn this attractive model, and a ribbon girdle crushed into a front closing bucks adds a final air of chic. No. 1479 is for misses and is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 years requires 3¾ yards 39-inch material, or 2¾ yards 54-inch, and 1¼ yards 54-inch ribbon for belt. Price 25 cents the pattern.

The secret of distinctive dress lies in good taste rather than a lavish expenditure of money. Every woman should want to make her own clothes, and the home dressmaker will find the designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book to be practical and simple, illustrating the spirit of the mode of the moment. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. . . . . Size . . . . .

Name . . . . .

Town . . . . .

How He Deciphered It

Chemist Made Up Prescription From Badly Written Testimonial

A young man was given a testimonial so shockingly written that he was unable to decipher it. A friend suggested that he should take it to a chemist, for chemists are skilled men, having spent long lives decoding the doctors' call handwriting. So the testimonial was handed to a chemist.

"What do you make of that?" asked the young man. The chemist glanced over it for a moment and then disappeared behind a screen.

Shortly he published flasks of glasses for a couple of minutes and then he emerged. "I think you will find that all right," he said handing over a bottle. "Half-a-crown, please!"

Fruit Or Vegetable

Scientists and Botanists Differ On Classification Of Tomato

Australia's Trade and Customs Minister has decided that the tomato is a fruit rather than a vegetable. Before this schoolie problem, the Commonwealth Attorney-General was unable to decide the age-old problem. Scientists and botanists were consulted, but they differed. Foreign practice was found to vary, so the ministry has cut the Gordian knot by declaring that (if further notice "the tomato is a fruit."

Abolishing Cats In Rome

The Mayor of Rome, Italy, has decreed that all its cats must be established in the interest of health. It will be a catless city if the decree is carried out. How often have we seen cats walking about in food stores or in among grain later to be ground into flour! The apology is always that they are necessary to keep down the rats and mice, but there are more efficient ways of doing this.

Owner of partially completed house: The fact is, I've arranged to get married as soon as the house is finished.

Foreman (understandingly): Don't worry, sir. We'll drag the job out as long as we can.

The average man's word is considered as good as his bond by a stranger.

Canadian North a Land Of Promise

Expansion and Prosperity In Canada's Northern Territory Is Assured

Much has happened over all the world since Horace Greely gave his famous advice, "Go West, young man, go West!" And one of the things that have happened is that the North has succeeded the West as the great land of romance and adventure. As but one indication of this, dispatches tell of Canadian railways planning expenditures of millions in developing northern communications. And the C.P.R. is to spend $2,261,000, the T. and N.O. $2,000,000, and the Canadian National $2,000,000.

The truth is that, under our eyes, and almost without our realizing it, a great new north is developing, not only in Ontario and Quebec, but right up to the Arctic circle. Rich mineral resources, vast water powers, great forests, all are being attacked with excitement, holding out a promise of expansion and prosperity of which the early pioneers in this country never dreamed. In the light of past experience, it does not require too vivid an imagination to see this territory supporting a substantial and vigorous population, exploiting its many natural resources and sending its products over the world.

Build Mammoth Grain Elevator

New Wheat Pool Elevator At Fort William Will Be Most Modern For the Continent

The board of directors of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Wheat Producers, Limited, has awarded the contract for the erection of the superstructure of Pool Terminal No. 1 at Fort Arthur, to the Barnett McQueen Construction Company, Fort William.

This new terminal elevator, which is being built by the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool, will be the most modern and the fastest terminal grain elevator on the North American continent, according to C. D. Howe, of C. D. Howe & Co., consulting engineers, Port Arthur. It will have two storages of 2,000,000 bushels each, in addition to a work house with a capacity of 900,000 bushels, and it will be able to take delivery of 200 cars of grain in ten hours, or 500 cars per day during the rush season. It will have a shipping capacity of 150,000 bushels per hour, and a drying capacity of 1,000 bushels per hour.

B.C. Imports Food Stuffs

While British Columbia produces a large surplus of fruits and eggs, she is a heavy purchaser of foodstuffs from the other provinces. In 1937 the purchases of agricultural products in the province was $72,000,000, while it was necessary to purchase outside to the extent of $22,000,000 for foodstuffs, of which less than $4,000,000 was spent in foreign countries.

Breweries To Use Airplane

The first airplane to be used for private commercial purposes in Western Canada is being brought to Lethbridge for use by the management of the Lethbridge Breweries. The plane will be used to make flights to Edmonton, Prince Albert and Regina, where subsidiary breweries are in operation.

The proudest moment in a successful man's life is when he tells how he got there.

DUCHESS OF YORK

The Duchess of York recently opened the new half-million dollar home for nurses at the Kingston and District Hospital, Kingston Hill, England. She was photographed while strolling through the grounds after the ceremony.

Personality Can Be Changed

Roosevelt Was Example Of What Person Can Do

Personality is a strange thing. Sometimes I think we are born with one special kind just as we are born with a certain nose and with hands whose finger prints are unlike any other in the world, and which can't be changed. But, on the other hand, if Theodore Roosevelt had allowed the personality he was born with to rule him, he would have gone through life a despondent unmanly individual with a spirit weighed down by the despair of tuberculosis. But he pulled himself up and out of it. Sometimes I think anybody can do the same thing. And sometimes I think that selfishness is harder to cure even than a physical disease.

Sheep Ranch In City Limits

American Operates Sheep Ranch In City Of Winnipeg

A sheep ranch, accommodating 200 head, is operated within Winnipeg's City limits, P. J. Grout, an American, has two farms on which he maintains 800 head of purebred stock. With the arrival of spring he moves them ewes into the city and the lambs are born between a factory and the C.P.R. tracks, within a stone's throw of several foundries and a street car line. Five years ago Mr. Grout made a commencement at sheep ranching with two sheep from which his present large head has developed.

He: No. Fortune has never knocked at my door, but his daughter often has.

She:—His daughter?

He: Yes—Miss Fortune.

The cost may not make the man but the lawsuit makes the attorney.

PRAISES CANADIAN HOSPITALITY

Baron Perenyi, Minister of the Interior for the Regalid of Hungary, who visited the Hungarian settlements adjacent to the lines of the Canadian National Railways in Western Canada recently, expressed himself as much impressed by the help which Canadian-born citizens are giving newly arrived Hungarians in settling on the land and generally establishing themselves in Canada.

"Canada is a place where anyone can make an honest living with hard work," his Excellency said. "All that has been said of Canada is true. It is a land of real opportunity and I shall certainly come back again where I find as many of my countrymen happily contented and prosperous."

The photograph shows Baron Perenyi on the left and Albert Patay, noted Budapest editor on the right. Mr. Patay visited Canada three years ago and published a book, "The Three Months I Spent in Canada," which has many illustrations of Canadian scenes.

Canadian "Moth" Planes Are Helping To Combat Spread Of Wheat Rust In West

How Canadian "Moth" planes are helping to fight wheat rust in the West is told in a statement made public by the Department of Agriculture, as follows:

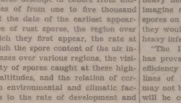
"It would be almost impossible to imagine two more widely separated things than an aeroplane and the rust which attacks our wheat. Yet we find the Royal Canadian Air Force co-operating with the Department of Agriculture through the Dominion plant pathological laboratory at the Manitoba Agricultural College, Winnipeg, in the great work being done by Drs. D. L. Bailey and C. H. Goulden in studying and formulating a plan of control for one of Canada's worst and most costly enemies.

"The aeroplane has been extensively used for the purpose of locating diseased conditions in our forests, and also in dusting from the air for the control of the spruce budworm. The work differs considerably, however, in connection with wheat rust and consists mainly in the exposure of slides at different altitudes and in different locations. These aeroplane exposures attempt to collect from altitudes of from one to five thousand feet the scale of the earliest appearance of rust spores, the region over which they first appear, the rate at which the spore content of the air increases over various regions, the visibility of spores caught at these high altitudes, and the relation of certain environmental and climatic factors to the rate of development and spread of rust.

"The air force stations at Lac du Bonnet, Norway House, Cormorant Lake, and High River, have assisted in this work. Each station is supplied with tightly stoppered bottles containing wooden paddles to which are attached microscope slides lightly smeared with vaseline. These slides are exposed for 15 minutes of varying altitudes, the slides replaced in the bottles and then returned to the Government laboratory at Winnipeg.

"In one instance at Lac du Bonnet a surprisingly high number of spores was caught on a slide, which seemed to indicate the plane at an altitude of 5,000 feet had travelled through a pocket or eddy of air where the concentration of rust spores was very dense. Where the spores originated is speculative, but the fact that at the time threshing was being done at Minnitaki, where there was a heavy local outbreak of rust seems to point to that district as the originating point. When the patchy nature of these outbreaks is considered, one is led to suspect that there may be some relation between these clouds or eddies of spores and localized heavy field infections. One can well imagine a rain washing down these spores in such a more limited area, where they would germinate and produce a heavy infection.

"The Department of Agriculture has proved on several occasions the efficiency of the aeroplane in many lines of investigation, and the day may not be far distant when the "Moth" will be common in our agricultural communities."



TRANS-CANADA HIGHWAY

Construction work on the last part of the trans-Canada highway will be started early next month. The section of the road, which will link between Golden, B.C., will complete a motor highway across Canada from Halifax to Vancouver. The above illustration shows the route and indicates the portion just being completed.

Count Means Business

Swedish Nobleman Will Start Farming In Canada As Hired Man

Count Jacob W. Hamilton, coming to Canada from Sweden, means business, if by going into farming he and, eventually, he hopes, on a large scale. But he is first going to start as a "hired man." He is going to learn from the beginning what the job entails, he hopes. "My purpose is to start in on the ground floor," he has remarked at Montreal, "and after three or four months as a 'hand' I shall feel more competent to manage a farm of my own in Western Canada, and perhaps bring over some of my countrymen to help me run the establishment."

Western Canada will welcome the Count and will wish him success. He begins with a humble spirit, yet with a fine determination. It is well welcomed because he is going on the land and he will be appreciated right from the start because he recognizes that he has something to learn. Starting as a "hired man" is something that all immigrants will not deign to do, but there is much to learn and it is a good example. More should be heard of this gentleman. He also comes from a nation whose people invariably have succeeded in Western Canada.—Regina Leader.

Measuring the Rainfall

One Inch Means Over 115 Tons Of Water To the Acre

You have often seen the statement that the rainfall during the past week has been so many inches. Do you have an adequate idea of what this means? Few people do.

You read in the weather bulletins that two or three inches of rain sometimes fall in a day, but these do not really convey very little information, and give no idea at all of the prodigality of nature.

An inch contains 6,277,640 square inches of surface, and an inch of rain means, therefore, the same number of cubic inches of water. A gallon contains 27,727 cubic inches of water, and an inch of rainfall means 22,622 gallons to the acre, and, as a gallon of water weighs 101 lbs., the rainfall on an acre is 2,36,220 lbs. Counting 2,000 lbs. to the ton, an inch of rain means over 113 tons per acre.

Peggy: "Oh, mummy, may I go to the fancy-dress party as a milkmaid?"

"No, dear, you are too small."

Peggy: "Then why can't I go as a condensed milkmaid?"

Nervous Youth—"Darling, you are the breath of my life."

Fair One—"Well, why don't you hold your breath?"

Rubber is now believed to be the equipment that enables whales to withstand the pressure of great sea depths.

It's more fun once failed he knows how to enjoy subsequent success.

Film Wild Game Life In Alberta

Noted Hunter Will Spend Summer Months In Mountains Of Jasper Park

The moving picture camera, and not the death spitting rifle, is the weapon of Major A. Radclyffe Dugmore, well known wild animal photographer of England, who has reached New York, after an extensive expedition through the wilds of Africa, during the course of which he recorded on film the habits of animals ranging from the simple and timid gazelle to the ponderous and fiery rhinoceros.

He found off his experience of game photography on four continents. Major Dugmore is considering spending the coming summer on a ranch or three months' journey on horse through the mountains of Jasper Park, Alberta, where he will be "after" bear, moose, the Mountain sheep, goat, caribou and bear.

Major Dugmore will probably commence his journey from Banff Lake at the foot of Mount Robson, 12,972, the highest peak in the Canadian Rockies. With him will be his wife and daughter, "Bunty" Dugmore, the latter is as keen a camera enthusiast as her father. Since she has been fourteen she has been with him on his quest of game photography.

Major Dugmore holds no brief for the slaughter of game with firearms. The camera, he says, offers better sport, provides more effective and durable trophies and demands greater skill in stalking.

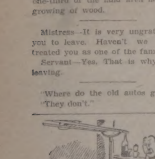
Large Area Of Forest Land

Of the total non-agricultural area of Canada about one-half is said to produce timber crops if permanently dedicated, protected, and managed to that end. Investigations show that the only economic use for one-third of the land area is in the growing of wood.

Mistress—It is very ungrateful of you to leave. Haven't we always treated you as one of the family?

Servant—Yes, that is why I am leaving.

"Where do the old autos go?" "They don't."



"Waiter, I am going to die. Bring me a beer."

"Yes, sir. Light or dark?"—Monstique, Charlfroi.

Canada Is Growing

Like a lanky youth who broadens out when he reaches manhood, the frame of Canada is filling in, the disjointed sections of the country are being connected up and the populated area across the dominion is broadening out as development in the whole Canadian hinterland is pushed ahead. There have been growing pains and discordant notes in some sections of the country in the last few years, but the prospect now seems to be for solid and rapid advancement.

Sending Mare Buffalo North

It is expected that some 1,100 head of buffalo, mostly year-olds, will be shipped from the Wainwright Park, Alberta, early in June to the ranges in the far northern part of the province, where during the past three years several thousand head have been transferred. The former moderns of the plains have increased so rapidly in their sanctuary at Wainwright that their numbers have far exceeded the carrying capacity of the pasture in the park.

Had Long Journey

A bottle dropped into the Mediterranean 20 years ago was found recently off the coast of Crete. It contained the business card of a Dundalk dentist offering a free set of false teeth to the finder.

German Settler Booms Canada

During Trip To Homeland Induces Thirty Young Men To Migrate To Dominion

Carl Schulz, of Uckmark, Brandenburg, Germany, who came to Canada a year ago and purchased 1,000 acres of unbroken land on the Canadian National Railways near St. Walburg, Saskatchewan, proved to be a good colonization agent for Canada. Following his purchase he returned to Germany to settle some affairs regarding his estate there and while in his homeland he talked the gospel of Canadian opportunity. The result was that when he returned to Winnipeg recently he brought with him thirty promising young men and women, each one hoping that during as soon as they can dispose of their interests overseas. The twenty will work with Mr. Schulz until they are able to take up land of their own.

Mr. Schulz says that a very heavy immigration to Canada from Germany can be looked for, starting next year. Thousands of young Germans are turning their eyes towards Canada and will come as soon as they can dispose of their holdings in Germany.

Canada Bacon Hogs In Demand

Canada's bacon hog policy and the clean bill of health, in so far as live stock is concerned, has resulted in increase Canadian exports of bacon hogs for breeding purposes. During the past year shipments of bacon type breeding stock were shipped to the United States, South Africa, New Zealand, Jamaica and the British West Indies. Recently a shipment of Canadian bacon type Berkshires were shipped to Port of Spain, Trinidad. Further orders are pending for the British West Indies.

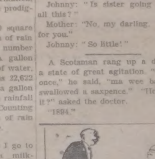
Johnny: "Is sister going to have all this?"

Mother: "No, my darling, this is for you."

Johnny: "So Billie!"

A Scotsman rang up a doctor in a state of great agitation. "Come at once," he said, "ma wee bairn has swallowed a saxpence." "How old is it?" asked the doctor.

"1924."



"This is intolerable. I have found a button in the soup."

"Lucky man. The management gives a piece of bounty to whoever discovers a button in the soup."—French Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1751

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Henry James Camble, pioneer railway builder and explorer, died at his home in Vancouver, at the age of ninety-one, after a brief illness with pneumonia.

Coal production in Canada during March was slightly less than in February, Alberta produced 616,563 tons, British Columbia's output was 251,-832 tons.

Capt. George H. Wilkins, scarcely landed from his great feat of flying across the top of the world by aeroplane, already is planning a new adventure—this time over the Antarctic at the other end of the world.

The government is of the opinion that women should have the right to sit in the Senate and means will be devised to amend the British North America Act to permit appointment of women to the upper chamber.

The appointment of Sir Henry Drayton as member for West York was announced in the House of Commons. He has accepted the appointment of chairman of the Ontario Liquor Board.

A notice of motion for the tabling of correspondence between Canada and Great Britain on the subject of tities for Canadians has been given by C. H. Cahan, Conservative, St. Lawrence-St. George. The motion also calls for a list of foreign honors and decorations conferred on Canadians since 1919.

Dr. Henry M. Tory, president of the University of Alberta since its organization, 20 years ago, is tendering his resignation, to take effect at the end of the current college year next month, in order that he may accept the permanent chairmanship of the National Council of Scientific Research, with headquarters probably at Ottawa.

To Beautify Ottawa

Proposed Outlay Of Three Million Dollars To Burnish Up Federal Capital

Plans for the federal district commission for the beautification of the city of Ottawa were laid before the House of Commons by Premier Mackenzie King.

The bill, a Government measure, proposes:

1—To reduce from $250,000 to $200,000 the annual amount granted to the Ottawa federal district commission.

2—A further expenditure of $3,000,-000 for expropriations of the Russell House property.

The plans sketch maps were distributed among members that they might better follow the scheme—is to create a park in the centre of the city of Ottawa, opening up the approaches to Parliament Hill.

A feature of the park scheme is a large ceremonial space, after the style of Piccadilly Circus in London, around which one-way traffic will move. The centre of the circle will be the base of the capitol. There, in all probability, the national war memorial will be erected.

"A country is known among the citizens of the world by its capital," said Mr. King. The capital of Canada should be second to none in the British Empire. The various provincial capitals were a credit to their provinces, but it should be remembered, he added, that Ottawa was the federal capital for all the provinces.

Could Have $9,000 Ideas Daily

If a man expects to use up all of the brain cells in the course of a lifetime, he would have to learn 30,000 things a day. This was the statement here of Dr. Arthur Holmes Freeborn, professor at the University of Pennsylvania. "Every man," said Dr. Holmes, "has 6,000,000,000 brain cells. Few make use of them."

Genius At Mental Arithmetic.

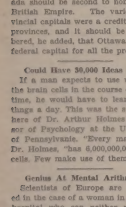
Scientists of Europe are interested to the case of a woman in a Welsh hospital who can neither read nor write but is a genius at mental arithmetic. She can solve mathematical problems in 30 seconds, and is said to never give an incorrect answer. She also can recall a large number of historical dates at will.

Gilbert: "Horace is very religious, isn't he?"

Morgan: "I should say he is. Why, he even wears a herring-bone suit on Friday!"

The more people talk back the better the auctioneer likes it.

A girl often discovers the man after her own heart doesn't want it.



"I was only punished by my father once, and that was for telling the truth."

"Yes, and I suppose that cured you permanently."—Vikingen, Oslo.

Small Town Pages

BY

FRANK PARKER STOCKBRIDGE

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(Continued.)

"The total circulation of these 11,-500 country weeklies is about 3,500,-000, an average of a little under 1,-000 copies each. That doesn't sound like much to a New Yorker, accustomed to circulation figures in the hundreds of thousands. But there are only about 600 dailies in the United States which have as many as 10,-000 circulation, and the whole list of dailies circulates only about 33,000,-000.

"It doesn't take a large circulation to make a small town newspaper stable. Bert Mills and some of the rest of the publishers may be muggniers of the business. Remember that an income of $2,500 a year in a village of 500 population is a whole lot of money; it's the equal of at least $5,000 a year in Chicago or New York, in what it will enable a man to do for himself and his family. It's a whole lot more than the average man in the country-sized town makes as much, I should say, as anybody else in town is likely to make, including the banker and the dry goods merchant. And I don't think I'm far wrong when I say $3,000 a year is pretty nearly the minimum net profit of a country weekly. It's the average closer to $5,000. If I'm wrong somebody correct me."

"You're not wrong to me," said an Iowa editor who had been doing nothing but listening. "I personally know at least fifteen country publishers in Iowa who make more than $5,000 a year, and I'm one of them. It's a fine paper—or, rather, a poor editor, who can't make $2,500 a year on a $5,000 investment in this business, and a good many plant investments around here runs nearer $20,000 than it does $15,-000.

"That will come pretty close to it," said one of the others, who turned out to be a newspaper broker in search of a country-newspaper plant, and I don't know where he is. If I did I'd hunt up the editor and sell him a power press. The old-time country paper could be, and often was, printed a page at a time on an Army press that cost $50. More of them used the Washington hand press, invented by Ben Franklin, which cost $500 and printed two or four pages at a time. Then the cylinder press came in, with a boy to turn the crank while another fed the sheets, or a little steam engine to turn the power over. But all those are obsolete now. The two-revolution press is the minimum unit from that up to the flat-bed perfecting press, printing from the roll. These types of presses cost from $2,-500 to $20,000. I think a fair average here is another $5,000.

"There we have $9,000 in only the two main items of the plant. Then we've got to put in hand type and cases for the ads, imposing stones, chases, a folder, a motor for the power and another for the machines, and all the rest of the necessary equipment including stereotyping machinery in many instances. Country there's another $4,000 there. That makes an even investment of $13,000 exclusive of building. More country publishers put their plants in than rent, and $2,500 is surely not too high for an average figure of the value of the building, even for those who don't own their own.

"Then I agree with our friend from Iowa that the average investment in country weeklies, all told, is between $15,000, and it is increasing all the time."

The advertising-agency man had been teetering on the edge of his chair, eager to get up the conversation again.

"Let me give you some more figures," he insisted. "You're wondering how the country editors get all the money to invest in their plants, and where their profits come from. Here are some government statistics: There are nearly 60,000,000 people—more than half the population of the United States—who live in these small towns or in the country around them. There are still 27,000,000 on the farms, although 500,000 farmer families have moved to town since June, 1925. Where did they move to? To the big cities? Don't think it; they moved to the small towns, where they have a better time of it than country families."

"And these 60,000,000 people, instead of being the poorest part of our population, are nearly nearly the richest, on the average. There aren't many millionaires among them, but they'll worth rather cash income per family than the big cities average. Here's a survey of Edgar County, Illinois, which shows an average cash income per family of $1,400 a year, in addition to the rent for most of them and a big part of their food supply for many of them. That's a big income when you consider how small the living expenses are in rural communities.

"Here's another survey, made by the General Federation of Women's Clubs in July, 1927, of towns with 5,000 population—the exact territory we are talking about. It shows that in these towns there are 127,581 families owning phonographs, 104,410 with pianos, and 49,406 with radio sets.

"Here are some more government figures, from the Department of Agriculture. The farmers of the United States—these 27,000,000 men, women and children—spend $6,000,-000,000 every year for manufactured goods; they earn one-sixth of the national income, own one-fifth of the national wealth and pay one-fifth of the cost of running the national and state governments.

"They buy everything. The National Automobile Chamber of Commerce reports that they buy the majority of all motor-trucks more than 60 per cent. of all automobiles and, naturally, nearly all the tractors. A survey by the electric-appliance industries of 750 small towns showed that 35 per cent. of the houses were wired for electricity. That's a higher proportion than in some prosperous cities. The people who live in these towns and in the nearby farm-houses which also have electric current are customers for every sort of electric equipment.

"Those are the folk who make the modern country newspaper possible and profitable."

(To Be Continued.)

Alberta Mineral Production

Stands Fourth Among the Provinces Of Canada In Output Of Minerals

Alberta stands fourth among the provinces of the Dominion in the value of its mineral production, according to the recently issued preliminary report of the mining branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for 1927. Ontario leads with a production valued at $80,182,862, or 28.44 per cent. of the Dominion total; British Columbia stands second with an output valued at $62,138,134, representing 26.41 per cent. of the aggregate for the Dominion; Nova Scotia with an output valued at $29,554,623, held third place and contributed 12.08 per cent. of the total; closely followed by Alberta with a production of $29,-276,000 contributing 12.02 per cent. of the total.

Will Soon Banish Weeds

A new law passed by the Quebec Government makes it compulsory for every person to destroy all noxious weeds on his property whether that property is cultivated or not. The weeds must be destroyed before they go to seed, and the owner failing to carry out this work the authorities will step in and do the job, charging the farmer with the cost of removal.

Old Lady: "And what should a polite little boy say to the lady who has given him a half-penny for carrying her parcels?"

Little Boy: "I'm too polite to tell you, ma'am."

The way to get rich is to lay up part of your income and as much as possible of other people's.

WHERE WILD ANIMALS BECOME TAME

Jasper National Park, which will be visited by the members of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association at the completion of their annual convention at Edmonton this year, is Canada's largest and finest game sanctuary. Within its 5,300 square miles, guns and hunting dogs are forbidden, and he who would hunt bears, deer, mountain sheep, mountain goats or other animals must do so with the camera as his weapon. And there is as much thrill in bringing home a good snapshot of a bear or a deer, as there is in bringing home the skin or head of such a trophy.

There are 10,000 mountain sheep and an equal number of deer in Jasper National Park, according to an estimate made by J. B. Harkin, Commissioner of National Parks, in his annual report. Dealing with wild life in the park, Mr. Harkin states:

"Wild life generally is increasing rapidly and all animals seen were in good condition. From the observations of the warden staff, it is estimated that there are between 800 and 1,000 elk in the park. Herds numbering as many as 70 and 100 have been seen in the vicinity of Cabin Creek.

"A very gratifying increase is noted in Rocky Mountain sheep. They are spreading their range annually and previously deserted ranges are again being frequented. An estimate places the number of sheep within the park at 10,000. While Rocky Mountain goat generally keep to the higher altitudes, they are constantly spreading out. There are at present believed to be well over 2,000 goats in the park and all, including the kids, are in good condition.

Signs and tracks seen in different areas indicate a considerable increase among the grizzly bear, especially in the region of the Snake, Indian, Rocky and Smoky Rivers and Rock Lake. Black bear are also increasing and it is a common sight for tourists to see from ten to thirteen of these animals in the neighborhood of Jasper at one time. A very conservative estimate places the total number of bear within the park at 2,000.

Almost every lake and stream in the park contains beaver and they are increasing rapidly. Buffalo Prairie, at one time one of the finest grazing areas in the Park, with a little running stream passing through it, is now a series of small lakes and dams which are occupied by hundreds of beaver. Especially good fishing is procured in these beaver lakes.

Financing Is a Specialty

When Contemplating Investments Wise People Consult a Banker

News item about agents of phony stock being sent to jail and about others who escape the law, are not infrequent today, and it makes sorrowful reading, for the reason that so many of their victims are people who have entrusted their hard-earned savings to these agents or promoters. Yet there are many worthwhile concerns in which one may invest with safety. How can the people be distinguished from the bad? Very often they can't be. But those who have money to invest can be sure of their ground if they will consult their bankers or some other reputable financier.

When you're sick you consult a doctor; when you need the law, you see a lawyer. Financing is a specialty almost as intricate as medicine or law. Therefore see your banker before you loosen your purse strings.

Where Instruction Fails

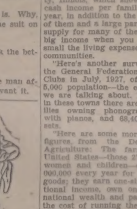
Hopeless To Attempt Teaching Road Hog Good Manners

The conditions which transform an apparently human being into a road hog are not lack of instruction in the rules of the road; they are just a natural predilection for greed. The road hog wants the whole road or none. As it is primarily a question of good manners, the case is hopeless so far as instruction is concerned, for before you can teach manners to people you ners there must first be an ability to understand what good manners mean.

A Supreme Court decision of 1890 decided that the Great Lakes come within the legal meaning of the "high seas."

The man who always does as he pleases is often displeased with what he does.

CANADIAN FOREST WEEK



We are the trustees, not the owners of our forest heritage; to keep faith with the future we must use it wisely and guard it from waste through preventable forest fires.—*Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Prime Minister.*

Canada's forests provide employment, stimulate business, and yield rich dividends in health and pleasure. Fire is their enemy. Carelessness with fire is criminal and offenders are justly subject to the penalties provided by law.—Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior.

Forest loss by fire is total waste. Industrial depletion can be replaced by yearly growth and reforestation. Care in starting and extinguishing fire would almost entirely prevent this waste of a heritage of which we are but trustees for generations of Canadians yet unborn.—*Hon. R. B. Bennett, Leader of the Opposition.*

Testing Largest Electric Bulb

Lamp Three Feet High Made For Air Port Illumination

What is believed to be the largest electric light bulb ever made is being tested at Nela Park, Cleveland, laboratory of the General Electric Company. It is a 50-kilowatt bulb and when lighted gives the equivalent of the combined light from 50 average homes, officials say.

The big bulb is three feet high and 12 inches in diameter and is capable of giving roundsy light over great area. It is to be used in airport lighting and for other purposes where bright illumination is needed at night. The bulb was developed under the direction of Daniel K. Wright, of Nela Park's incandescent lamp department.

Company officials believe it will have a life of 1,000 hours. Heretofore the largest incandescent bulbs have been of 30 kilowatt power and their average life is only 10 hours. Although the new bulb is still in the experimental stage it has burned 14 hours with no sign of blackening.

In order to prevent the heat from melting the bulb, a special arrangement has been fitted on top of the lamp.

Dairy Congress In Britain

Extensive Programme Planned For World Meeting in July

The World's Dairy Congress will be held in Great Britain during the ensuing summer for the first time in the history of the organization. The congress will last eight days and will be carried through in Scotland. The congress is being held under the patronage of King George.

The congress will open on Tuesday, June 26, in London, and a galaxy of authorities will contribute to the discussions. The London session will be interspersed with visits to farms, the latter including Sir Thomas E. Buxton's dairy farm at Norwich, where certified milk is being produced from a herd of pedigree Ayrshire cattle. The King's farm and dairy at Sandringham will also be visited. The members of the congress will travel from London to Edinburgh on July 4, for the visit to Scotland.

The members will be in Glasgow July 6, when alternative tours will be offered to the Tarbrucks, Kilmarnock, Dairy School, the Burns country, and Dumfries and Kirkcudbright. That evening the visitors will be welcomed at a civic reception in Glasgow.

Famous Ranch Building Destroyed

Was Landmark Of the Early Days Of Southern Alberta

A land mark of the early days of Southern Alberta has passed out of existence with the destruction by fire of the ranch home on the famous Bar U ranch, a building which has sheltered many of the most distinguished visitors to Western Canada. It was while residing at the Bar U that the Prince of Wales decided to become an Alberta rancher and bought the adjoining property. Other noted visitors have been the Duke of Devonshire and the Crown Prince of Japan.

Until his death a year or two ago the Hon. Pat Burns owned the Bar U. Lane, a former American cow puncher who rode into Alberta in the early days and became one of the millionaire ranchers and land owners. In addition to his herds of cattle George Lane established the largest drove of thoroughbred Hereford cattle on the American continent, and the ranch house was filled with cups, prizes and diplomas awarded at exhibitions in all parts of the country. Fortunately the ranch hands were able to rescue most of the valuable trophies from the burning building.

Ancient: "Mr. Brown, I believe my grandson is working in your office."

Brown: "Oh, yes! He went to your funeral last week."

The difference between an alarm clock and a hen is that when you set a hen she sits there, but when you set an alarm clock it goes off.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MAY 6

GREATNESS THROUGH SERVICE

Golden Text: "The Son of Man also came not to be ministered unto, but to minister, and to give His life a ransom for many."—Mark 10:45.

Lesson: Mark 6:30-50; 10:35-45.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 42:1-7.

Explanations and Comments

The Request For Preferment, verses 35-37.—James and John the sons of Zebedee, came to Jesus with a definite request. Matthew says that their mother came with the request (Matthew 20:20). "The ask in full accordance with the law maxim 'He who does anything through another, does it himself'."—John A. Broadus. An Australian writer suggests that Mark was more chivalrous than Matthew, or else that Matthew wished to save the face of James and John with a gibe. "Anyhow, it was clearly a family affair, with almost a suggestion of an Eastern intrigue. Salome may have been put up to it by her son."

"We want Thee to do whatsoever for us whatsoever we shall ask of Thee," they began. They would have Him, as it were, give them a signed check, leaving them to fill in the amount as they pleased.

How like many—shall I say most?—of our prayers! We come to God to get what we want, not to learn what He wants us to have or desires from us. As Bishop Temple says, the form of all pagan prayer is, "Thy will do for me what I want." While the form of Christian prayer is, "Will that I may do for Thee what Thou wilt."

The question as to what they wished, they replied: "Grant unto us that we may sit, one on Thy right hand, and one on Thy left hand, in Thy glory." The two disciples were at least honest in their request. They wanted precedence and asked for it in plain words. They did not flatter Peter in their request for chief places; were they jealous of him from the grip of six policemen who were given their choice of holds while the "rubber man" lay prone on the mat. Standard holds include two of six policemen registered 1240 pounds. Two of them had the scissors hold around his neck, two around the legs, and there was one at each arm. It took five minutes and twenty seconds for Stanley to free himself from the last man again at his feet.

The chief's office was filled with policemen and detectives who gazed at the rubber man as he put on a head-and-one-half inches in ten seconds. "Watch me grow," he told his audience.

He had no trouble in throwing his joints out of place and impersonating a cripple, a hunchback, or an epileptic.

During his demonstration he showed how to handle unruly prisoners by the use of the arms and the wrist. There are two strong men on the force, yet this 145-pound man could set himself on his feet and defy the strongest to lift him from the floor.

Development Of Ruby Wheat

Early Maturing Variety Was Originated In 1905

Following the development of Marquis wheat, which made wheat the plant breeders at the Canadian Government Experimental Farm in Ottawa introduced Ruby. This early maturing variety originated from a cross made in 1905 between Red Fife and Downy Riga. The latter was a selection from the more or less composite variety Early Riga.

Ruby was introduced during the years of the Great War (about 1915), at which time it was hoped that it would aid in increasing the wheat production. While it has served a very useful purpose and has become fairly widely distributed, yet it has not come up to expectations in regard to the surplus.

The Acid Test

"Put up notices that no book agents are to be admitted to the building," said the publisher.

"But you have just advertised for agents to sell our new work," protested the secretary.

"Of course. I want to try the applicants out. If a man could be stopped by a little thing like that notice, what good would he be to us."

Noticed Relationship

A consoled young clergyman, walking between two church wits one of the ladies of his congregation, remarked: "I preached this morning to a congregation of asses."

"I thought of that," observed the lady, "when you called them beloved brethren."

Fred: Do you think women can stand more suffering than men?

Jack: Well, I can hardly imagine a man wearing chiffon stockings in winter.

The cries of sea-birds, especially seagulls, are very valuable as fog signals. The birds cluster on the cliffs and their cries warn boatmen that they are near the land.

The Manitoba Co-operative Wholesale, Limited, which secured its charter in November, 1927, began business in Winnipeg recently with 14 paid-up member associations.

Radio Phone Service Extended

Three Western Cities Have Been Added To List

A considerable extension in Canada of the list of towns and cities from which wireless telephone in Europe may be had, has been announced by Alex. Johnston, Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, following the receipt of a statement from the office of the Secretary of State for the Dominions in London.

Up until April 11, the service was available to certain towns in Belgium, Germany, Holland and Sweden, but since that date it has been extended to Paris and to certain towns in Switzerland, including Geneva. Further extensions on the Continent of Europe will be made later. It is also announced that after April 11, last, any further extensions would embrace simultaneously both Canada and the United States.

The following cities in Canada have already been provided with the wireless telephone service across the Atlantic: Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, Ottawa, Hamilton, St. John, Halifax, Winnipeg, Calgary and Vancouver.

Western cities added recently to the service are: Fort William, Edmonton and Regina.

Feats Of Strength

"Rubber Man" Gives Astounding Exhibitions In Montreal

Sten Stanley, who is called the "rubber man," has been giving astonishing exhibitions of muscular development in Montreal. In a demonstration in Chief of Police Belanger's office he relieved himself from the grip of six policemen who were given their choice of holds while the "rubber man" lay prone on the mat. Standard holds include two of six policemen registered 1240 pounds. Two of them had the scissors hold around his neck, two around the legs, and there was one at each arm. It took five minutes and twenty seconds for Stanley to free himself from the last man again at his feet.

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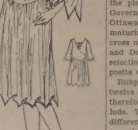

A Graceful Afternoon Or Evening Frock

Exceedingly graceful is the frock pictured here. The two-piece pointed tunic is gathered to a bodice having the lower edge slightly rounded, thereby giving a graceful line. The attractive arrangement of the surplice effect is effectively shown, and there are no shields in front or back. The long pointed sleeves may be finished at evening length if desired, thereby making this frock suitable for many occasions. An added note of contrast is introduced in the fabric used for the shoulder and hip closing. No. 1501 is for sizes 16, 18 small women, and is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 bust. Size 16 will require 3½ yards 39-inch material, or 2¾ yards 54-inch, and ¾ yard 39 over lace for the shields. Price 25 cents in the pattern.

Many styles of smart apparel may be found in our Fashion Book. Our designers illustrate the latest modes in the heart of the style centres, and their creations are those with the most popularity, brought within the means of the average woman. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No..... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

A manufacturing concern in Indiana has made paper covers to protect automobiles from fine dust when standing in garages.

Don't try to do the smallest amount of work possible for the pay you get.

Cuticura Heals Annoying Rashes

Bathe the affected parts freely with Cuticura Soap and hot water, dry without rubbing, and anoint with Cuticura Ointment. This treatment not only soothes and heals rashes and irritations but tends to prevent such conditions.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. "Y," Malden, Mass. Price, Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

PAINTED FIRES

BY NELLIE L. McCLUNG

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CHAPTER XXIII.—Continued.

"Well, there's many a good girl has come to me before without references, Mrs. Angus. I'm no one's hand for references as I once was," said Miss Ritchie. "They are often written to get rid of a girl, you know."

"No, I do not know that," said Mrs. Angus; "I prefer references."

"Well, you see, my dear," said Miss Ritchie, "here's an old country girl with letters from rectors and curates and local bodies and all—she'll do fine for you."

That morning Helmi was interviewed by four other women. She was viewed with favor by the first one, who enumerated her good points without ever thinking it might be embarrassing. "You look clean and smart," she said; "you know how to put your clothes on straight, and you look a person square in the eye. You are a foreigner, I see. From what country?"

"Finland," said Helmi.

"Goodness me!" said the lady, with a harsh laugh; "then it's all off. My husband had one in his bridge gang and, by gosh, there was a lot to him. He was a socialist and agitator. He would put me out if I brought home a Finn. I want a safe subject, Miss Ritchie. We owe it to our boys to give them the choice, though, dear me, some of the English girls have been a trial, too."

The next woman who talked to Helmi kept a boardinghouse, and fancied Helmi as soon as she looked at her. "I like a tall girl—she can carry trays better. You've done it, that's good. Yes, you are a healthy looking girl. I must say—foreign, but still you have good English. I don't mind Finns—they're tempery, but clean and smart. What's that? You want to go home for an night! Why? A Baby! Nothing doing—you won't do me at all. No, sir, I had a girl with a baby and she ain't was always getting sick or dying or something just when I needed her worst. I don't believe in letting a population all right, but I can't have a waitress with a baby, even if we never get the country settled. What in the world do you have a baby for, a smart girl like you?"

Helmi stared at her haughtily. "It is not your business," she said; "I do not have a baby to I want it without asking you."

"You bet you can, and welcome. Well, who she have you, Miss Ritchie?"

The fourth woman who spoke to Helmi asked no questions and expressed about her past. "Where is your husband?" she asked.

Helmi replied that she did not know.

"Are you sure you are married?"

Helmi produced the certificate.

"Do you ever think he may have deserted you?" the woman asked searchingly.

Helmi hesitated, and as the woman pried her questions she could only think of the brave and bit Jack used to bore holes in the boards. Helmi knew she had no right to question her, but she answered as bravely as she could, all the time praying, "Make her take me, God; Make her!"

"Well, my dear, I wouldn't be too sure. Men are fickle, I know". My first husband left me."

"My man is a good one," said Helmi, firmly.

"Any family?"

"One little girl, one month old."

"Well, of course, that would be the difficulty."

"I can leave her with friends," said Helmi, eagerly. She was going pantingly. Was there no work anywhere for her?

"Still, I have three sons, young men, at home that one can't have a young girl who has a baby—you know what boys are like—inclined to tease."

"I like boys, good enough," said Helmi, eagerly, "try me—I am a smart worker. I have to get work, my money is nearly gone, and I cannot go for my baby's care, my friends are not rich people."

"Well, I not suppose they were," said the lady, with emphasis, "I suppose they are Finnish people like yourself—simply working people."

Helmi's head fell at her height. "I is a Canadian family who have been very good to me."

"Indeed," said Mrs. Swallwell, "how good of them! I hope you are very grateful."

"I am," said Helmi. "I want to pay. Will you take me?"

"I will think about it. I do not like to decide in a hurry. My home is particular, and I do not want anything to disturb it. I must consider everything so carefully. People tell me I am foolish, but it's my nature. Give me your name and address. I believe in giving a population all right, but I can't have a waitress with a baby, even if we never get the country settled. What in the world do you have a baby for, a smart girl like you?"

Helmi stared at her haughtily. "It is not your business," she said; "I do not have a baby to I want it without asking you."

"Too bad you can, and welcome. Well, who she have you, Miss Ritchie?"

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Cute in a Baby—Awful at Three—and it's Dangerous—

by Ruth Brattain

Much of the nervousness in older children can be traced to the over-stimulation in infancy, caused by regarding baby as a sort of animated toy for the amusement of parents, relatives and friends. Baby may be played with but not for more than a quarter of an hour to an hour daily. Beyond that, being bundled, tickled, caused to laugh or even scream, will sometimes result in vomiting, and invariably causes irritability, crying and fretfulness.

Fretfulness, crying and sleeplessness from this cause can easily be avoided by treating baby with more consideration, but when you just can't see what is causing baby's restless or upset, better give him a few drops of pure, harmless Castoria. It's amazing to see how quickly it calms baby's nerves and soothes him to sleep; yet it contains no drugs or opiates. It is purely vegetable—the recipe is on the wrapper. Leading physicians prescribe it for colic, cholera, diarrhea, constipation, gas on stomach and bowels, feverishness, loss of sleep and all other "upsets" of babyhood. Over 25 million bottles used a year shows its overwhelming popularity.

With such bottle of Castoria, you get a wonderful help in keeping baby's weight in gold. Look for Chas. H. Fletcher's signature on the wrapper, so you'll get genuine Castoria. There are many imitations.

one woman said to Helmi; "You should have thought of this about this time last year."

"Having a baby is not a crime, Mrs. Coatsworth; the poor girl is honest and willing to work. She'd give service for every dollar. It's awful, this isn't asking charity or even sympathy."

All afternoon Helmi waited, while well-dressed women came and went. The seekers of employment sat together, and were easily distinguishable from the others. Their manner was humble and beseeching. The war with all its dislocations had thrown many women out of employment, and on the faces of many, gaunt fear was plainly written. This was particularly true of those who were the most refined and cultured.

Fragments of conversation fell around Helmi as she sat among the others.

Two women in real coats were discussing the situation.

(To Be Continued.)

Change In Sedition Act

Bill To Amend Criminal Law Now Before House

The bill to amend the criminal code now before the House of Commons, in respect to sedition would make the code the same as it was in 1919 before it was amended at the time of the Winnipeg strike.

At that time the law was changed so that it became a criminal offence for any person to belong to an organization whose purpose was to bring about a change in the form of government by force or violence. Before that it was no offence against the criminal law to belong to such an organization.

The Crown had to prove that a person had committed an overt act or made a seditious speech before it could secure a conviction. The amendment in 1919 also increased the terms of imprisonment for certain forms of sedition from two years to twenty years.

C. N. R. Announces Low Summer Fares

Round Trip Summer Excursion Fares Go Into Effect May 15th

Summer days are bargain days on the Canadian National Railways. Commencing May 15, round trip summer excursion fares go into effect. These fares feature a reduction of from 20 to 25 per cent as compared with the regular rates as well as allowing the traveller a longer period before the date of expiration, the low fares remaining in effect until September 30.

The new rates are applicable from Pacific and prairie province points on the Canadian National Railways to all points in the east and also from prairie province points to the Pacific coast. On the eastern route the option of making part of the trip by boat across the Great Lakes is permitted, and the same privilege is extended to those desirous of making the boat trip between Vancouver and Prince Rupert.

Curiosity Satisfied

Cleaver, the butcher, was rather surprised when a little woman walked into the shop and asked for twenty-five pounds of beef. All the same he cut off the joint and put it on the scales.

"Will you take it with you, or shall I send it round to the house?" he inquired.

"Oh," she murmured, blushing prettily. "I don't want to buy it. You see, the doctor said I had lost twenty-five pounds, and wanted to see what it looked like in a lump."

Neuralgia succumbs to Minard's Liniment.

Oil Refinery For Moose Jaw

With the purchase of the 6ax mill situated west of the Government elevator at Moose Jaw, by the Price Oil Co., Ltd., the refining Company, by this city will shortly have a plant in operation for the purpose of refining crude oil. According to Mr. Price, the president, it is intended to establish a chain of plants across Canada, locating one in each province. It is expected that operations will begin by about May 1926.

Every man is more or less afraid of a gossip, but he hates to admit it.

Blank leaves are not desirable in the volume of business.

FREE BABY BOOKS

Baby's Food

If you cannot nurse baby use **Eagle Brand,** since 1857 the leading infant food, pure, easily digested, safe.

Write THE BORDEN CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL *for your copies*

X78

If you buy Red Rose Tea in the aluminum packages and you are not thoroughly satisfied, we have authorized your Grocer to return your money on receipt of the container, no matter how much of the tea you have used. Order a trial package.

WM. H. MALKIN CO. LTD.
VICTORIA, B.C.

NEW GUIDE FOR AVIATORS

Roof Signs Would Aid Fliers To Identify Towns

The patriotic citizen of today is called upon to give a roof to his country. Roofs are to be the aerial guideposts for flyers, with each identifying each community, pointing the direction to the nearest airport and telling the distance to it.

The family of a generation hence which goes out in its aerial flivver for a Sunday afternoon ride will be able to see beneath it the name of each town in large letters, and to learn at a glance where to land if the carburetor is balking or the gasoline runs out.

The aviation division of the department of commerce has worked out the plan of guiding aviators by roof signs, and it has been taken up vigorously by Washington. It is also applicable to airmen, it is pointed out, on roofs of buildings in smaller towns and communities which have no landing fields and are easily distinguishable from the air.

Oil companies have been among the first to adopt the roof sign idea, and many of them are putting town names on the tops of their gasoline storage tanks in each community. The American Legion has estimated that 10,000 of its posts will undertake the marking of their communities as their contribution.

Office buildings, shops and tanks are suitable for the signs, the aviators have suggested, but barns and warehouses near railroads are particularly good because railway lines are frequently followed by flyers.

Simple signs, about 100 feet long, low, on a dull black background, are best, pilots say, and the letters should be at least 20 feet high. Arrows should point the direction of the nearest landing field and the mileage to it should be given.

An Oil For All Men.—The sailor, the soldier, the fisherman, the lumberman, the out-door laborer and all who are exposed to injury and the weather should use Zam-Buk. This Eclectic Oil a true and faithful friend. It heals, soothes, cools and dress wounds, subdue lumbago and rheumatic pains, and kills germs. Therefore, it should have a place in all home medicines and be amongst those taken on a journey.

Position Is Reversed

U.S. Will Never Be Able To Pay Debt To Britain

Nearly an entire issue of the British empire passed over the Menin road to the Ypres salient not only without a murmur, but to be there without a grave, unheeded, unrefined and unknown, as the United States lost by death in the world war. And not a man of them with reason to stand with gratitude before that gate of honor to those who did their duty, and to the end of endurance and that of their comrades, living and dead, it would not be a memorial of empire-building and contentment to their defeat—a gate opening to the sea and our own coasts. And yet we continue to speak of the debt which England owes us, of how we have put us and all the world in eternal debt to them.—New York Times.

Piano Is Still Popular

Radio Or Mechanical Instruments Cannot Displace Its Place

When the popularity of the radio began to be manifest, many persons expressed the opinion that all musical instruments would be displaced. But come obsolete, especially the piano. But the recent statement of a New York piano company that all existing records in the piano business had been broken by the sale of $108,000 worth of pianos in one day proves the contrary. A similar statement was made when the player-piano and the phonograph made their debut, but the statistics on Monday sale of pianos indicates otherwise.

Insist on Minard's Liniment—accept no other.

Given Leave To Appear

Four organizations have been given permission to appear before the committee investigating immigration. The committee has already recently expressed criticism of the department, the Canadian Legion (Alberta command), the Workmen's League and the Salvation Army were all given leave to appear.

Big Business In Farm Implements

More business is being done in farm implement trade in Western Canada this spring than at any time in the past fifteen years. One striking feature is that the majority of these purchases are for cash, and another is the amount of trade-in machinery which is being purchased by farmers.

A holy awe is reported to be raging in Arabia and parts adjacent. As we understand it, a holy war is about as holy as a civil war is civil.

The expression "the game's not worth the candle" arose when candles were expensive and card-playing for money was prevalent.

Centennial Celebration

Henri Dunant, Founder Of Red Cross, Winner of Nobel Peace Prize

Born Geneva, May 8, 1828. Died Paris, October 31, 1910.

Financier-Swiss business man and philanthropist. Author of several books.

Casually travelling through Northern Italy in 1859, Dunant came upon the ghastly plain of Solferino where, on June 24th, 300,000 men had been engaged in a battle which had lasted fifteen hours.

Shocked into action at the sight of 40,000 dead, wounded and dying soldiers, Dunant undertook to establish a volunteer ambulance and nursing service, recruited from the nearby town of Castiglione. With these workers, he obtained official permission to send the wounded and dying on the field of battle, going out personally with wine, food, cigarettes, tobacco, for which he paid out of his own purse. So indefatigably did he work that, in gratitude, the invalids named him "The Good Samaritan of Castiglione."

The vision of the suffering witnessed at Solferino never left him. For three years he travelled about Europe preaching. The doctrine he was advocating the need of speedy reorganization of military and medical nursing service. Finally, in 1863, the little book "Un Souvenir de Solferino" appeared and startled a shocked world into the immediate need for change.

The Committee of Public Safety consequently, under the presidency and chairmanship of Gustave Moynier and General Dufour, became so interested that it succeeded in calling together an international conference in 1863. As a result of these efforts still another conference was called in 1864 to discuss practical measures. The meeting ended when 12 out of the 16 national representatives signed the first Treaty of Geneva, and Red Cross was established as a factor in the international law. Today 59 nations subscribe to this Treaty, which grew out of the life of Henri Dunant.

Dunant lived a long and useful life, devoting a large fortune to the furtherance of his benevolent and philanthropic work.

Monument For Aviators

Memorial To Be Erected On Greenly Island To Commemorate Historic Flight

A memorial on Greenly Island, commemorating the landing of Baron Von Huenefeld, Capt. Koshi and Major Fitzmaurice, in the monoplane Bremen, after the first successful non-stop crossing of the Atlantic by aeroplane from east to west, will be erected on the lonely bird world's famous spot as soon as warmer weather makes it possible for ships to reach the region.

The memorial will be erected by the Clarke Steamship Company, of Quebec and Montreal and will likely take the form of a simple stone monument, cut from the rock of the Labrador district and bearing an inscription recording the names of the fliers, the name of the aeroplane, and the date of the landing.

A Real Asthma Relief. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has never been advertised by extravagant statements. Its claims are conservative indeed, when judged by the benefits which it performs. Expect real relief and permanent benefits when you buy this remedy and you will not have cause for disappointment. It gives permanent relief in many cases after other so called remedies have utterly failed.

Stars Came Later

An Englishman at an American bar in Paris ordered from the list of drinks a cocktail called the "Stars and Stripes." When served, he noticed that it was composed of layers of different densities, the whole producing a striped effect. "That's all right for the stripes," said the Briton, "but what about the stars?" "Put in the cocktail," replied the bartender, "and you'll see them."

Fond Father: "Come, Tommy, even if you have hurt yourself a bit, you shouldn't cry."

Tommy: "What's—crying—for—then?"

Toothache

Fill cavity with cotton soaked in Minard's. Also bathe the face. Quick and sure relief.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

MAY INDICATE WORLD MOVEMENT

Death Penalty No Longer Exists In Sixteen Countries

Sentence of death no longer exists in sixteen countries of the world.

Authoritative data compiled at London, England, show that the death penalty has been abolished in Holland, Norway, Sweden, Portugal, Rumania, Austria, Latvia, Lithuania, Argentina, Brazil, Columbia, Honduras and Uruguay. It has been abrogated by disuse in Denmark, Belgium and Finland.

It was abolished in Switzerland by Federal Constitution in 1874, but the various Cantons retained liberty of action. Fifteen Cantons have not reimposed it. In the remaining ten Cantons there have been only seven executions during the past forty years.

Eight States in the United States have abolished it.

Italy abolished the death penalty in 1889, but owing to the frequent attempts against the life of Mussolini, it was reintroduced this year. It can only be passed, however, for attacks against the King and his chief minister.

Russia has abolished the death penalty in cases of murder. In its place, it has substituted, however, for rapine and for political offences.

Informed circles here state that the punishment for would-wide abolition is rapidly gaining ground.

In Germany, the Judicial Committee of the Reichstag have for many years been considering an abolitionist bill promoted by influential lawyers and criminologists. It is expected to be submitted to the Reichstag shortly in an amended form, at a near date. The states of Hessen and Saxony have already abolished the death penalty.

In the free city of Hamburg there has been no execution since 1917. In Prussia executions are extremely few. The death sentence in this state is carried out only when the murder is multiple or has been committed with particularly abominable cruelty.

At various times the French Chamber has discussed the abolition of capital punishment. A bill urging its abolishment was recently introduced in the Chamber by M. Joubaux. Although the progress can be reported in the abolition of capital punishment in Asiatic countries. China's varying revolutions and upheavals make it difficult for abolitionists to promote any campaign on solid ideas. Greater hopes are entertained of Japan, as despite little authoritative data is available. Abolition circles here claim, however, that within the next few years, executions in Japan, if not absolutely non-existent, will be comparatively rare.

Pianists' Fingers Are Strong

Exert Force Of Many Pounds When Playing Certain Compositions

Few rightly estimate the amount of force expended upon the piano by a pianist in making a concert tour.

If the pianist is playing fortissimo at times the force of six pounds is thrown upon a single key to produce the desired effect. With chords the force is generally spread over the various notes sounded simultaneously. Dr. Frank Huntington Vizetelly, in an address on the subject, Prof. MacLeod said that according to medical history, the barber of mediaeval times was also the surgeon and physician when occasion arose, and, with no anaesthetic known at that period, the patient had to bear the pain hand. The person being operated upon would grip the red to take his mind from the pain. The razor in use became a rapidly-corrugated pole, and it is from this device that the modern barber pole has come.

Sheep Raising In Kenora District

The question of sheep raising in the Kenora district is receiving serious consideration from members of the Kenora United Farmers' Club, and the secretary is securing all data possible with a view to interesting farmers in the industry, to which the district is suitably adapted.

Corns cripple the feet and make walking a torture, yet sure relief in the shape of Holloway's Corn Remover is within reach of all.

"Anything suitable for a man here?" asked the fellow who never glanced at store signs.

"Just me," smiled the cashier of the children's specialty shop.

Always speak to your barber when you need him in the week. It's about the only time you can get a word in.

If You Need A Tonic Get The Best!

Guelph, Ont.:—"There is nothing better as a building tonic than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Several times when I was rundown, weak and nervous, had weak stomach, thin and impoverished blood, I took it and always obtained good results. It rounded out my blood, relieved me of the weak stomach, built me up in health, and made me feel like a new person. I also found it splendid to take following medicine to give me strength. I always recommend Dr. Pierce's medicines to those who need a good tonic, knowing them to be just as advertised."—Mrs. W. H. Skyring, 52 Nottingham St.

Write for free booklet. Invalids Hotel is Buffalo, N. Y., for free advice.

Treat Colds 2 Ways

With One Treatment.

RUBBED on throat and chest, Vicks does two things at once:

(1) It is vaporized by the body heat and inhaled direct to the inflamed air passages, and

(2) It stimulates the skin like an old-fashioned poultice and "draws out" the cold.

VICKS VAPORUB OVER 17 MILLION JARS USED LAST YEAR

Little Helps For This Week

"Let us do good unto all men."—Galatians 6:10.

The chief use, then is man of that he knows,
Is his substasking for the good of all;
Not blindly weeping for our own-ands woes,
Nor laughing from a melancholy call.

Not hating from a soul that overflows
With bitterness toward the world around,
Inward thrall;
But wastefully, rather, to ease, to loose,
Or bind,
As need requires, this frail, fallen house
Of human kind.—Fulke Greville.

Power to do good is the true and lawful end of aspiring. For good only should the greatest be sought, yet towards men they are little better than good dreams, except they be put in act, and that only where there is place as the vantage ground.—Lord Bacon.

NO MEDICINE LIKE BABY'S OWN TABLETS

For Either the Newborn Babe Or Boy or Girl Further Up

There is no other medicine to equal Baby's Own Tablets for little ones—whether it be the newborn babe or the growing child the Tablets always do good. They are absolutely free from opiates or other harmful drugs, and the mother can give them safe in using them.

Concerning the Tablets, Mrs. John Armour, of R.R. 1, South Monaghan, Ont., says:—"We have three fine, healthy children, so, indeed, when a medicine is needed, we have given only Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are the best medicine you can keep in any home where there are young children."

Baby's Own Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulates the stomach and bowels; banish constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fever and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or direct by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Traced To Mediaeval Surgery

Origin Of Barber's Pole Explained In Address Before Surgeons

The origin of the red and white barber pole that stands as an advertisement outside of every barber shop was traced to mediaeval surgery, as was explained by Prof. J. J. MacLeod, of the Department of Physiology, University of Toronto, in an address on the subject. Prof. MacLeod said that according to medical history, the barber of mediaeval times was also the surgeon and physician when occasion arose, and, with no anaesthetic known at that period, the patient had to bear the pain hand. The person being operated upon would grip the red to take his mind from the pain. The razor in use became a rapidly-corrugated pole, and it is from this device that the modern barber pole has come.

Sheep Raising In Kenora District

The question of sheep raising in the Kenora district is receiving serious consideration from members of the Kenora United Farmers' Club, and the secretary is securing all data possible with a view to interesting farmers in the industry, to which the district is suitably adapted.

Attains Great Height

Douglas Fir Is Largest Tree Grown In Canada

The Douglas fir attains the largest size of any tree in Canada. It grows to an immense size, frequently exceeding six feet in diameter and 200 feet in height. One of the tallest Douglas firs on record had a height of 380 feet. In the Kew Gardens, near London, England, stands a single-piece flagstaff 220 feet high presented by the British Columbia Government. This staff was cut from a Douglas fir tree 300 feet high, having 15 feet in diameter have been found, and a single tree has been cut that scaled 60,000 feet board measure.

Operate Candling Stations

Seven candling stations will be operated in Saskatchewan this year by the Saskatchewan Egg and Poultry Pool, which opened its first egg pool of the season recently. The candling stations are at Regina, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon, North Battleford, Yorkton, Melfort and Assiniboia. This pool will probably remain open for six or seven weeks.

Greater Part Submerged

Icebergs float so that almost nine times their visible bulk is submerged. In Baffin Bay Sir John Ross saw icebergs aground in 1,500 feet of water. Antarctic icebergs, though rarely over two hundred feet in height, are often vast plateaux, table-topped, that have been known to reach thirty miles in length.

Opportune
Flour Mills
DELIA
Our Flour is always reliable. Made from selected wheat, and backed up with many years milling experience and modern machinery, give Opportune Flour the assured uniform quality.
Custom Milling and Feed Grinding
Bran and Shorts for Sale
First-class service guaranteed
McKAY & GATES
PROPRIETORS

Delia Bakery
Ice Cream
ICE CREAM SODAS
SOFT DRINKS, Etc.
Ice Cream Bricks
ASSORTED FLAVORS
on hand at all times
We have now installed a new "FRIGID AIRE" Ice Cream Cabinet, and are in a position to serve Ice Cream in first-class condition under the very latest sanitary methods

James W. Clark
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For Your Home or a Friends
WHETHER you buy a Hotpoint Percolator for your own use or to give to a friend you'll always be satisfied. Your selection of a Hotpoint Percolator is backed by the judgment of hundreds of thousands of other buyers who have proved that the Hotpoint is without equal in making fragrant coffee—in retaining its good looks—in giving years of care-free service. There's a Hotpoint Percolator of size and price to meet your needs. Ask your dealer.
$16.20 to $28.50
Hotpoint
PERCOLATOR
CANADIAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

THIS GREAT HEALING OIL MUST BANISH ECZEMA AND SKIN TROUBLES

Make up your mind today that you are going to give your skin a real chance to get well.

You've probably been like a lot of other people, convinced that the only thing to use was an ointment or salve (some of them are very good), but in the big majority of cases these sticky salves simply clog the pores and the condition generally remains the same.

Go to any good druggist today and get an original bottle of Moone's Emerald Oil.

The very first application will give you relief and a few short treatments will thoroughly convince you that by sticking faithfully to it for a short while your skin troubles will be a thing of the past.

Remember that Moone's Emerald Oil is a clean, powerful penetrating, healing, septic Oil that does not stain or leave a greasy residue and that it must give complete satisfaction or your money cheerfully refunded

Farm for Sale

THE SOLDIER SETTLEMENT BOARD OF CANADA offers for sale by public tender:—

The South East Quarter of Section Six (6), in Township Thirty (30), Range Seventeen (17), West of the Fourth Meridian, excepting all mines and minerals.

Terms of sale are not less than one-third of the purchase price in cash on acceptance of the tender, and the balance in three equal instalments, with interest at 6 per cent. per annum on the amortization plan.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque for $100. If tender is accepted, this sum will be credited to the purchase price of the land. If tender is not accepted the money will be returned to the tenderer.

Tenders will be opened at CALGARY, Alberta, on THURSDAY, May 10th, 1928.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. If the land is not sold on the date above mentioned, the Board will be prepared to receive offers to purchase until such time as it is finally disposed of.

Tenders should be in plain envelopes, marked "Tender for the purchase of the S.E. ¼ 6 30 17 w. 4th Meridian."

Address tenders and enquiries to—

THE SOLDIER SETTLEMENT BOARD OF CANADA
Southern Building,
18a CALGARY, Alberta.

Notice to Ratepayers

NOTICE is hereby given as provided by Section 96, subsection 2, of the Municipal Hospitals' Act, being Chapter 118 of the Revised Statutes of Alberta, that subject to the approval of the ratepayers affected, the following lands, namely:—

Township 30, Range 17, West of 4th Meridian, will be attached to the Hanna Hospital District.

The Minister has ordered that a plebiscite of the ratepayers shall be taken on Saturday, May 12th, 1928, from nine o'clock in the forenoon to five o'clock in the afternoon at the Poll as under:

POLL—VICTOR SCHOOL

AND TAKE NOTICE, that on the 14th day of May, 1928, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, in the office of the Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal District No. 306, at the Village of Craigmyle, I will open the ballots box and officially declare the numbers of votes cast for and against such attaching.

GEORGE H. ROSS,
17-19b Returning Officer.

Canadian Chicks for Sale

Canadian Chicks. Pure Bred to Lay. Thousands hatching every week from Tested, Trapnested and Official Inspected Flocks. Males from 312 318 trapnested dams in our Pen Mating Chicks. 100 per cent Alive Guarantee. Hatching Eggs. Incubators and Brooders Until or write for Free Catalogue.

ALEX. TAYLOR'S HATCHERY
13-19a Winnipeg, Man.

THE HARTMAN NURSERY
DELIA, - ALBERTA

Brand Notice
ALL HORSES BRANDED ON LEFT SHOULDER AR —AND—
ALL CATTLE BRANDED ON RIGHT HIP, ARE THE PROPERTY OF
J. J. Bradford, Butcher
DELIA, ALBERTA.

FOR SALE
Turkey Eggs for sale, 25c each.
MRS. A. F. DUNBAR
16-18a Phone 518, Delia.

FOR SALE
Barred Rock Eggs from good winter layers; 50 cents per setting of 13.
MRS. JOHN BEATON
17-18p Phone 1011

FOR SALE
A number of young pigs, six weeks old. Apply
2p C. S. SCHAFER, Phone 1203

SEED CLOVER
A few bushels of sweet clover for sale; plenty of bees in the
2p J. W. POLAND, Phone R307

PASTURE TO RENT
About 200 acres excellent pasture; running water and shelter; horses only
17-20p PHONE 1403

FOR SALE
A quantity of potatoes; also a sack of Brome Grass seed. Apply to
18p GEO. W. S. HARCUS.

LOST
A black and white terrier dog, south of Delia. Finder please notify
18a H. ALMOND, Phone 1405.

LOST RELATIVES
The parents of Donald G. Sinclair, living in Australia, are very anxious to know the whereabouts of their son, who worked in this district last Fall. Will the party for whom he worked kindly communicate with the Postmaster. 1p

WANTED, NEW SUBSCRIBERS to THE DELIA TIMES. Subscription price is $1.50 per year, in advance; to Great Britain and the United States, $2.00.

Local and District

Protect Canada's forests from fire

Dr. Kydd and G. A. Richardson motored to Castor on Tuesday.

* * *

Mr. A. E. Davey, Inspector of the Dominion Seed Branch, was a visitor in town on Monday.

* * *

Miller Patterson left by motor car on Sunday for Edmonton, en route to Sexsmith, Alta.

* * *

Mrs. F. C. Mittlestead spent a few days in Calgary last week, returning home on Sunday night.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Stan. Walker, of the Queen's Hotel, made a trip by auto to Calgary on Sunday.

* * *

Mrs. W. B. Dunlop, accompanied by her nephew, Orville Gunn, made a trip to Calgary on Friday last.

* * *

R. A. Selkirk, of the Farmers' Store, went to Calgary on Sunday morning, returning on Monday in his Ford Coupe.

* * *

Court Whist Drive in the Veterans' Hall, Friday May 4th, 1928, under auspices of Women's Auxiliary of the Canadian Legion.

* * *

Miss Pearl McArthur, of Crossfield, arrived on Sunday night to spend a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. J. Fairburn.

* * *

Arbor Day, Monday May 7th, suggests itself as being well adapted to get rid of the winter's accumulation of ashes and trash, as it does to the planting of trees.

* * *

Messrs Duncan and Kaye, of the "Drumheller Mail," were visitors at this office on Saturday, and incidentally we accompanied them to a meeting of the Press Association held in Hanna that evening.

* * *

During the past week the Queen's Hotel have had a new floor put down in the dining room. Mr. O. Anderson, carpenter and builder, Craigmyle, executed the work, and everyone concedes it an excellent dancing floor as well as a skillful piece of joinery

* * *

A meeting of the Board of Trade will be held in the Town Hall on Thursday, 10th inst., at 8:15 p.m. Officers will be elected, and a programme for the summer will be discussed. Suggestions for the betterment of Delia and district will be gratefully received. All interested in the future of this district should attend

* * *

Little Minnie Nelmes, aged seven years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Nelmes, met with a painful accident shortly after four o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. As Mrs. George Ridley was driving down Main Street, the little girl ran across the street in front of the car and was knocked down. She was taken to Kennedy's Drug Store, where it was found she was suffering from several severe cuts and bruises on the face and head. Dr. Kydd was called, and the child was removed to the home of Mrs. A. Rowe, where later in the evening she was reading as well as could be expected.

* * *

The parents and friends who attended the class recital by the pupils in piano of Mrs. Newcombe, held at her home on Saturday afternoon, noted a decided improvement in the performance of all who took part. Quite a large number of Mrs. Newcombe's class are preparing for the June examination of the Toronto Conservatory of Music. The following were on the program for Saturday's recital: Violet Morrison, Bobby Sproule, George Carter, Peggy Stewart, Isobel Stewart, Betty Stewart, Margaret Simpson, Beth Hawson, Patsy Burke, Gladys Mason, Marjorie Grant, Marion Bigelow, Marie McFadden, Mrs Gallagher, Mrs. Nelmes, Jean Carter, and Evelyn Bigelow.

Save the forests. It pays.

Under the auspices of the Women's Institute a three-day course in basketry will be held on Friday, Saturday and Monday, May 11, 12, and 14. This course is open to anyone in the community, and Miss Elizabeth Knox, of Edmonton, will be the demonstrator. Mrs. George Farquharson and Mrs V. L. Tiffin are in charge of the arrangements, and those who intend to take advantage of the course are advised to consult either of these ladies with a view to having the material in readiness before beginning the course. The place of meeting will be announced later.

* * *

Simon Elliott, who some time ago purchased the house formerly owned by Dr. Kydd on Second Ave., has been busy during the past two or three weeks thoroughly renovating it inside and outside. Mr. Elliott is a practical carpenter himself, and he and "Billy" Morrison, painter and decorator, have been working early and late in order to get the place in readiness for Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Morrison, who have rented the property, and who we understand will run a first-class rooming and boarding-house. Mr Morrison, the painter, is to be commended on his artistic ability. The main living and dining-room have been tastefully papered, and all wood-work on the ground floor, kitchen, etc., decorated. The bedrooms and bathroom upstairs, as well as the floors, have been thoroughly painted and done up in various shades of kalsomine, giving a pleasing effect

Mother and Daughter Banquet

The second annual mother and daughter banquet proved more successful than ever. Fifty-six mothers and daughters sat down to a delicious supper provided by the girls, and the dainty set tables were centered with flowers and ornamental candlesticks. Katherine Meyer, president of the organization, proved a very capable toastmistress, proposing the toast to the King, everyone joining in singing the National Anthem. Dorothy Burke then, in a few chosen words, proposed the toast to the mothers, laying stress on the lines of a little poem, "You are the best little mother God ever made." Mrs. Dunlop very fittingly replied, telling the girls if they wished to be "happy be good" Evelyn Bigelow then proposed the toast to our supervisor, Miss Martin, crowning her as our "all round good sport." Mrs. Martin fittingly replied. Ivie Dunlop proposed the toast to our honorary president, Mrs. Barns, and our constituency supervisor, Mrs. Vallery, telling of the good work each were doing for us. Mrs Barns replied in her usual fitting manner, giving the girls two good thoughts to carry away with them. Brenda Rowe then proposed the toast to the W.G.C., dealing with each phase of the code and telling of the high ideals it contained. Mary Morrison replied. This brought a most enjoyable good time to a close, everyone wishing the girls success in their club

Breaking & Ploughing Wanted
Have Two new Minneapolis Tractors, and can handle any amount of Breaking, and in any soil.
Write or Phone OLSON BROS, Hanna. Phone 415
or see R. C. COAD, Minneapolis Agent, Delia

INTERNATIONAL CLOTHES ARE GUARANTEED
SMART SUITS
MUST BE
TAILORED TO-MEASURE
You prefer certain materials—Shades that become you—Patterns and styles that are smart—You want your suit at a certain way.
You as a well dressed man realize that your clothes must be tailored to your measurements
Priced from $24.50 to $49.50
D. H. CAMPBELL
EXCLUSIVE REPRESENTATIVE
International Tailoring Co., Limited
MONTREAL NEW YORK CHICAGO

CANADIAN NATIONAL
EXCURSIONS
EASTERN CANADA
ALL RAIL OR LAKE AND RAIL
Tickets on Sale MAY 15th to SEPT. 30th
PACIFIC COAST
THE TRIANGLE TOUR — ALASKA
Good to Return up to OCTOBER 31st 1928
Jasper National Park
MT. ROBSON PARK
DURING JULY
Personally Conducted Tours TO Great Britain AND Continent ALSO TO The Pacific Coast
CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS
Please call and get full details from
E. M. BIGELOW, Local Agent
Phone 58, Delia
OR WRITE
J. MADILL,
District Passenger Agent
Edmonton, Alta.

STONELAW NEWS

Mrs. McCalister was a Stettler visitor on April 15, and was the guest of Mrs. Johnson

The rear and a-half old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cline met with a serious accident last week. She was climbing out of bed, and broke her leg.

The chivaree on Friday night was quite a success, when thirty-five people gathered at the home of Mr. Palmer to chivaree his daughter Ruth and husband. Amid shot guns, pans and cow bells they finally awakened the house. The ladies came prepared with a lovely lunch. Music and a social evening was enjoyed by all. Their neighbors and friends wish Mr. and Mrs. Machonnen a long and happy married life.

Mr. R. Hampton has bought a car

Mrs. Fecto was taken ill last week, and was taken to Big Valley, but is reported improving.

Mr. and Mrs. George Ridley motored up to visit Ed. Trickel on Sunday, but spent a few hours being stuck in mud holes.

THE UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA

Rev. J. R. GERROD, M.A., B.D., Pastor
Manse: 3rd Ave. Phone 47

DELIA

Services are held as follows:—
Sunday School at 11 a.m.
Divine Worship at 7.30 p.m.

Every 1st, 3rd and 5th Sunday of the month—

Verdant Valley	..	12 noon
Hlair	..	3.30 p.m.

Every 2nd and 4th Sunday—

Lloyd George	..	2 p.m.
Sentinel Hill	..	4 p.m.

Topic for next Sunday—"The Possibilities of Faith."

THE BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. Dr. M. WHITE, Pastor.

Services are held each Sunday as follows:—

Sunday School	..	11 a.m.
Morning Service	..	12 p.m.
Evening Service	..	7.30 p.m

WEDNESDAYS

B.Y.P.U.	..	7 p.m.
Prayer Meeting	..	8 p.m.

Subjects—

Morning—The History and Prophecy of the Bible as part of the plan.
Evening—"Love and the world."

The Lord's Supper is observed on the first Sunday of the month, after the morning service.

Announcing
A New Household Heating and Cooking Rate
—OF—
3c. per kilowatt hour
A separate meter, with a two dollar minimum charge, will be installed.
Full Stock of Electric Ranges
In our Drumheller Store
Buy them on easy terms
Union Power Co. Ltd.

LAST year a great car, now a host of added features make Pontiac Six greater than ever. To Pontiac's proven dependability have been added the enthralling beauty of new Fisher bodies, and new high radiator; the new safety and security of positive four-wheel brakes; the new ease and comfort of Lovejoy Shock Absorbers; a new pride of ownership in a car that is essentially modern, up-to-date.
Ask about the amazingly low prices of the New Series Pontiac Six.
Ask your dealer about the G.M.A.C. Deferred Payment Plan which makes buying easy.
The New Series PONTIAC SIX
P-53-4-28C
LLOYD SMART
DELIA, Alta.
PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA, LIMITED